Regd. No. B. 1065

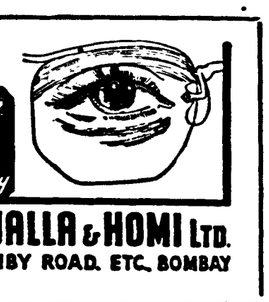
The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXII NO. 222 BOMBAY: MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1944 Price: 2 Annas

ROYAL • LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY •


OPTICIANS
By Appointment to H.E. Sir Roger Lumley Governor of Bombay
AWARDED GOLD MEDALS
BALIWALLA & HOMI LTD.
365, HORNBY ROAD, ETC., BOMBAY

ASSAULT TROOPS 12 MILES INSIDE GERMANY

Allied Pressure Through Siegfried Line Towards Rhine

From Reuter's Special Correspondent at S. H. A. E. F. Sunday: General Hodge's First Army units are continuing their pressure through the Siegfried Line towards the Rhine. The forces which penetrated the whole width of the Siegfried Line south of Aachen are reinforcing the position they took up when they emerged from the line ready for the next push eastwards. The big industrial city of Cologne lies in their path less than 30 miles away.

SHAEF, Sept. 17: Gen. Eisenhower's 'communique' to-day states: "Advances were made by Allied troops yesterday between Antwerp and the sea. Our bridgehead over the Meuse Escaut Canal continues to be subjected to enemy counter-attacks, but we are holding firm.

BREAKTHROUGH SIEGFRIED DEFENCES EAST OF AACHEN

Further south on the German frontier our forces are fighting in the southern outskirts of Aachen, and strong elements have broken through Siegfried defences east of the city against heavy resistance.

We have also pierced the defences below Rott, south-east of Aachen, and have advanced into Rotgenwald. Moderate resistance is being met across the frontier east of Saint Vith, but our forces farther south near Brandscheid are encountering heavy resistance. In the Moselle Valley our forces are now across the river in strength and elements have advanced considerable distance east of Nancy.

Advance from Southern France is making progress against varying resistance. Elements have pushed without opposition to Chaumont, but advances north-east of Vesoul at the western approaches to the Belfort gap were made against defences which the enemy have been strengthening.

In the Alps, troops have entered Modane at the western entrance of the Modane railway tunnel, linking France and Italy.

The enemy is withdrawing in the direction of the high mont Cenis Pass.

ENEMY COUNTER-ATTACKS

From Reuter's special correspondent with the British Second Army in Belgium, (Sunday): German efforts to wipe up the bridgehead across the Escaut Canal north of Gheel show slight slackening off in persistence and determination today. A senior staff officer at the Secondary Forward Headquarters said that during the last 36 hours Allied troops on the northern bank of the canal have been subjected to heavy artillery fire and a number of counter-attacks. None of these succeeded in driving them back across the canal, but their efforts to improve the bridgehead has been subjected to persistent shelling. The Germans have more artillery at this end of the canal sector than further east. Elsewhere on the Second Army it has been another quiet day.

"HARD FIGHTING ON EITHER SIDE OF NANCY"

BERLIN, Sept. 17.—To-day's German communique stated: "On both sides of Aachen the enemy continues powerful attempts to break-through our front. Several attacks against the southern fringe of Aachen failed. In the area of Stolberg there is particularly fierce fighting, the enemy having penetrated beyond the Sauer river north-west of Echternach. German counter-attacks are now making good progress. On either side of Nancy hard fighting continues". In the Belfort gap Germans have formed a continuous front between Epinal and the Swiss border, after repelling American break-through attempts. "In Brest a number of strong points are still holding out. V-1 fire on London was resumed."

Of the fighting in Italy the communique said the Allies continued large-scale attacks but in fluctuated fighting north and north-east of Florence a German counter-attack recaptured Monte Veruca.

In Southern Transylvania, German and Hungarian troops repelled violent Soviet attacks at Torenburg and Neumarkt. North-east of Warsaw complete defensive success was scored against renewed Soviet attack.

5,000 AIRCRAFT V. 200

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—During the invasion of southern France the Allied air force put 5,000 aircraft up against 200 German planes.

(Earlier)

SHAEF, Sept. 17: From Reuter's special correspondent:

The process of ripping open the Siegfried Line continues apace.

Yet another formation of the American First Army has now smashed its way into the line—the fifth separate penetration aiming at eventual general breakthrough on a fairly wide front. Fighting in the border town of Aachen—a coal and manufacturing centre about the size of Patna—is flaring up and American patrols forging into the heart of the city are meeting strong resistance.

TWELVE MILES INSIDE GERMANY

Assault troops were last night reported two miles beyond Stolberg—12 miles inside Germany—while close on their flank others are sweeping into Roetgen forest south-east of Aachen.

Away to the north-west Canadians rapidly broadening their bridgeheads have captured Eecloo, an important road junction between Bruges and Ghent, 4½ miles from the Dutch border. Polish troop on the Dutch border at Hulst have pressed on to cut the main road running parallel to the frontier, while their patrols moving from the Ghent area, where fighting still continues have advanced 10 miles to Wachtbeke, two miles from the frontier.

Allied trops which swept over the river Mass from the Niaastricht area are reported to be approaching the German border north of Aachen.

In the Moselle Valley, American troops have made considerable advances east of Nancy. The total number of prisoners taken by the American First Army is now 173,375 while at Le Havre the total mounted to 11,309.

There is no confirmation at SHAEF that Brest has fallen.

MODANE CAPTURED

Allies 45 Miles From Turin

There is little else to report today on the movements of the rest of the forces making up the Twelfth Army Group, but the Seventh Army is now threatening the German Armies fighting the Allied forces in Italy by capturing Modane, French railway junction, three miles from the Italian north-west frontier. They are now advancing up the steep Alpine slopes to the 6,800-feet high Mont Cenis Pass into the plain of Turin. The Germans have blocked the eight-mile long Mont Cenis railway tunnel which carries lines from Modane to the valley of Po and are now defending the frontier from strong points.

At Modane, Seventh Army forces are only 45 miles from Turin, one of the greatest communications and industrial centres of Northern Italy. —Reuter.

ALLIED LANDING IN HOLLAND

SHAEF: It is announced by Supreme Headquarters that strong forces of the First Allied Airborne Army were landed in Holland this afternoon.

LANDINGS IN TILBURG & EINDHOVEN

LONDON, Sept. 17: The German News Agency announced that strong Allied airborne forces this afternoon made landings in the areas of Tilburg, Eindhoven and Nimwegen.

Zero Hour Struck

S.H.A.E.F. INSTRUCTIONS TO DUTCH PEOPLE

LONDON, Sept. 17: A member of Gen. Eisennower's staff this afternoon broadcast a statement to the people of Holland, issued by the order of the Supreme Commander. First to the people of southern region of the Netherlands, south of river Lek and Rhine. The hour for which you have been waiting so long has struck. Your qualities of courage and discipline which have brought such magnificent results since the landing in Normandy began are now called upon for one last supreme effort. Now that the Allied forces are on your soil and the Netherlands forces are acting with them, your full assistance and obedience to orders of the Supreme Commander are essential for the early liberation of the Netherlands. Secondly, follow precisely the orders you have received from your leader —His Royal Highness Prince Bernhard and from your local Commanders. Thirdly, your orders now are to protect, not to sabotage factories, mines or other industrial installations. Safeguard these especially—stores of petrol, oil and lubricant against destruction by the enemy.—

FIRST ALLIED AIR BORNE OPERATION

Reuter adds this is the first Allied airborne operation carried out by Gen. Eisenhower's forces since the original decents on the D-Day. It is also the first airborne operation since British and American airborne forces were combined into one command. An armada of Allied planes towing gliders was seen crossing the east coast towards Holland this morning. There was also a great activity by fighters. Later a formidable force of two-engined troop carrying aircraft apparently heavily laden also flew towards Holland. Reuter military observer writes: Though for obvious security reasons no inkling of where Gen. Brereton's airborne men have landed has been given, it is possible that the operation is aimed as 'Leap frogging' the great water bet which separates the Northern and Southern Netherlands.

This line is far tougher for the attacker than the Siegfried line and has been described as the Germans strongest defence line in Western Europe. All Holland's big cities containing the greater part of the Dutch people—as well as any remaining Vee sites the Germans might have—are situated north of this Waterbelt.—Reuter.

ATTACKS ON AIRFIELDS IN GERMANY AND HOLLAND

LONDON Sept. 17.—The Air Ministry announces that strong forces of Lancasters last night attacked airfields in Germany and Holland. A flak battery was also attacked. Mosquitos attacked Brunswick. Three aircraft are missing.

It is officially announced that very strong forces of American Flying Fortresses escorted by fighters this morning bombed German gun positions over a wide area in Holland.

FIVE NAZI SHIPS SUNK

CAIRO, Sept. 16: Two British destroyers three nights ago attacked and sank five vessels flying the 'Swastika' in the Aegean Sea and set a German merchantman on fire, all in the space of two hours, the Admiralty announced in Alexandria tonight.

FIGHTING INSIDE WARSAW

Soviet Planes Drop Food And Arms To Polish Home Army

LONDON, Sept 17.

A 'communique' from the Commander of the Polish Home Army, General Bor, reports that operational cooperation between the Polish Home Army and Soviet H.Q. of Marshal Rokossovsky has been established.

The 'communique' adds: "In the centre of Warsaw we took over the initiative and intensive fighting continues. In the suburb of Zoliborz the enemy is on the defensive. In the northern part of the city the enemy is making attempts to clear the circular road for traffic. As a result of fighting in this area on September 15, we lost some ground.

Russian fighters and anti-aircraft artillery are hindering German Junkers from bombing Warsaw. Since the night of September 13-14, we have received daily arms and food dropped by Soviet Air Force in the centre of the City.

In north Warsaw, the enemy is trying to cross the Vistula over pontoon bridges."—Reuter.

RED ARMY TROOPS ENTER SOFIA

MOSCOW, Sept. 16. To-night's Soviet Communique said the Red Army has entered Sofia.

SOVIET COMMUNIQUE

The communique reads: "During September 16, north of Praga, our troops in co-operation with the First Polish Army fought their way into a number of inhabited localities.

In Northern Transylvania our troops operating in conjunction with Rumanian forces fought their way into

****

The
'BOMBAY CHRONICLE'
Wishes All Its Jewish Readers
A HAPPY NEW YEAR

****

over 50 inhabited localities, including four railway stations. In north-eastern Rumania, our troops captured the town of Vatra-Dornei.

NAZI GENERAL CAPTURED

In the course of mopping up operations in Bocau area, our troops have captured the General of Infantry, Bushenhagen, Commander of the German Fifty-Second Army Corps who had been in hiding in the woods.

Today, Sept. 16, our troops entered Sofia, capital of Bulgaria.

ALLIES BOMB EAST HUNGARY TOWNS

LONDON, Sept. 16: The Budapest radio reported today that several hundred Allied planes made an incursion from the north-east and carried out an attack against towns in the area beyond Tisga on the east Hungary and Transylvanian border.—Reuter.

NAZIS DROP POISONED FOOD FOR POLES

LONDON, Sept. 16.

The Polish Patriot broadcasting station from Warsaw today reported that German planes had dropped poisoned food to Polish patriots in Warsaw in an attempt to discredit the aid which Soviet planes are continuing to give to Gen. Bor's troops.—Reuter.

JAPANESE ATTACK BEATEN OFF

KANDY, Sept. 17.

Following is to-day's S.E.A.C. 'communique':

CHIN HILLS.—On the Tiddim Road troops of the Fifth Indian Division have reached the south bank of the Manipur River. Though the Japanese shelled the crossing area, resistance was lighter than expected.

ARAKAN.—Four night attacks on our forward positions south of Maungdaw were beaten off after hand-to-hand fighting.

CHINDWIN FRONT.—No important change.

NORTH BURMA.—British patrols moved south of Hopin along the railway. No change in the area of Myitkyina.

Acts Of Gallantry

IMPHAL, Sept. 16.—Men of the Burma Regiment have won further praise for their work in the recent fighting in Burma where, with coolness and determination, they are operating through thick jungle country, wiping off old scores against the invader.

Latest despatches received from the front reveal several instances of grim tenacity and complete absence of fear on the part of these men.

For acts of gallantry, Sepoy Kehar Singh, L/Nk. Karnail Singh, L/Nk Indar Singh and Havildar Said Mohd. have been awarded the Burma Gallantry Medal.

North Burma Casualties

Associated Press of India special correspondent with General Stilwell's forces writes:—

In the North Burma fighting under General Stilwell, 694 British died and 1,435 were wounded, according to the figures now released.

Allied dead total 6,147, including 4,980 Chinese and 473 Americans and Allied wounded were 14,096 including 11,171 Chinese and 1,490 Americans.

U. S. SUPPORT TO "FREEDOM OF NEWS"

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17: Mr. Cordell Hull, United States Secretary of State, announced to-night his complete support of free interchange of news throughout the world, when he replied to a written question from a correspondent.

"The whole question of freedom of information has been under study in the State Department for some time. I have consistently supported the cause of freedom of news and would support any practical measure to give international recognition to this principle."—Reuter.

FRONTAL ATTACK ON GOTHIC LINE

Battle For San Marion On Adriatic Coast

From A. K. Quereshi, 'A. P.' special correspondent in Italy, Sept 17: Smashing through steep and fire the Eighth Army has enlarged the Marano bridgehead both in depth and width, and are now fighting in the Adriatic coastal sector for the defended village of San Marion on a low hill west of the Rimini airfield.

German Panther and Tiger tanks still bar the way to Rimini which is less than three miles beyond. Farther west British troops have cut the Rimini-Sanmarino lateral road.

This wedge into the Rimini defences has been further reinforced by a brilliant swift thrust of the Second Gurkha Rifles, heroes of the Coriano Ridge, who have, with the aid of British tanks, pushed beyond the Marano River in the Vecciano area and captured a ridge running parallel to the lateral highway.

This important gain spells disaster for the Germans batting south south-east of San Marion and directly imperils Rimini, which continues to be struck without a pause by the desert air force.

Other gains on the Adriatic sector include a drive by British Indian troops west of Mont Escudo to the eastern border of the tiny San Mariano Republic.

Fifth Army, attempting a frontal breakthrough of the Gothic Line in the region of the Futa Pass, has made significant gains in extremely stiff fighting.

Here Indian, British and American troops have come up against elaborate defensive works with automatic weapons. The Germans cannot shift large forces from this sector for fear of the Fifth Army rushing to Bologna.

YUGOSLAVS CAPTURE THREE TOWNS

Landings Made On Dalmatian Islands

LONDON, Sept. 17.—MARSHAL TITO'S COMMUNIQUE TODAY ANNOUNCED THAT THE NATIONAL ARMY OF LIBERATION HAS CARRIED OUT LANDING OPERATIONS ON CENTRAL DALMATIAN ISLANDS.

The communique which was broadcast by the Free Yugoslav Radio said the landing was made with National Army of Liberation ships. "After four days' stubborn fighting the Dalmatian islands of Korcu'a, Hvar and Brac were freed," the later adds. These are three of the four main islands flanking the Dalmatian coast of Yugoslavia, south of the port of Split.

The communique adds that mopping up on the remaining islands continues. In Slavonia, Yugoslavs have captured the towns of Pakrac and Lipik, 65 miles south-east of Zagreb and 40 miles west of the Hungarian border) and Zvornik 80 miles south-west of Belgrade.

QUEBEC PLAN FOR ALLIED STRATEGY IN PACIFIC

Churchill And Roosevelt Reach Agreement: No Talk Of Supreme Commander

QUEBEC, September 16.

Mr. Churchill and President Roosevelt in a joint statement announced that they had "reached decisions on all points" in the war in Europe and the Pacific.

The statement added: "The most serious difficulty with which the Quebec Conference was confronted has been to find room and opportunity" to use the Allied forces against Japan.

TEXT OF OFFICIAL COMMUNIQUE

The following is text of the statement: "The President and the Prime Minister and the Combined Chiefs of Staff held a series of meetings during which they discussed all aspects of the war against Germany and Japan. In a very short space of time they reached decisions on all points, both with regard to the completion of the war in Europe, now approaching its final stages, and the destruction of the barbarians of the Pacific. The most serious difficulty with which the Quebec Conference has been confronted has been to find room and opportunity for marshalling against Japan the massive forces which each and all of the nations concerned are ardent to engage against the enemy."

Mr. Churchill and President Roosevelt both stated at a Press Conference that the Quebec Conference was the happiest yet and with a greater degree of unity than any held so far.

Mr. Churchill said their discussions had been held "in a blaze of unity. The only point on which we differed was that the United States wished more than her share in the Pacific operation.

"THEY CAN'T HAVE ALL THE FUN"

Referring to the United States desire to bear the burden of fighting in the Pacific, Mr. Churchill said: "They cannot have all the fun." Every unit of British naval, land and air forces that could be moved into the Pacific area would be used against Japan, when Germany had been removed as a military power.

The Prime Minister said Mr. MacKenzie King has made the request on Canada's behalf to bar the full share in the Pacific war.

NO TIME-TABLE YET

President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill pledged themselves to a devastating assault on Japan with all the resources of their two nations as soon as Europe is free of "the corroding heel of Nazism." They had reached quick and complete unanimity on the plans for bending Japan into submission.

President Roosevelt stated that he and Mr Churchill were not yet ready to put a specific date on the downfall of Germany but said that when it came, the Allies would do the fastest possible job of Japan.

After President Roosevelt had declared that the British Empire was of course looking forward to participation Mr. Churchill said: "We will be in on the death with forces proportionate to our national strength."

President Roosevelt said the outstanding feature of the conference was that it had taken less time, produced less argument and brought complete unanimity faster than any which he and Mr Churchill had ever conducted. He emphasised that the major actions determined upon to beat the Japanese in the Pacific were complicated. The problem of logistics as well as strategy and plans had had to be considered. While plenty of men and materials were available there was still the task of bringing them together up to the scenes of action.

NO SUPREME COMMANDER

Mr. Churchill declared that the question of a Supreme Commander for the Pacific had not been discussed once.

President Roosevelt stressed the tremendous distances separating Pacific areas of action and asserted that there were necessarily three commands—Lord Mountbatten in South-East Asia, General MacArthur in the Pacific and Admiral Nimitz at sea. He added that human beings simply could not transfer themselves mentally over the extreme distances of the Pacific.

No date had been set for the start of the great offensive in the Pacific and he intimated that it is depended on the date of the fall of Germany.

One Common Task Finished

During the Press Conference Mr. Churchill further told correspondents: "We cannot but feel that one large part of the common task is now about finished." Completion of that task—the defeat of Germany—gave rise to other problems and tasks. The Conference, said the Prime Minister, had to consider events which would follow the suppression of Germany as well as military events. While those constituted neither the whole nor the main work of the Conference, they were important and had a bearing on the speed with which forces could be applied to Japan following "the downfall and unconditional surrender of the Nazi power."

The prime purpose of the second Quebec War Council was "the focussing with the utmost rapidity of all the resources of Britain and the United States on Japan—that guilty and greedy power which must be stripped of her power to molest the world."

The same processes that had led Britain and America from the dark days of Dunkirk and Pearl Harbour would be applied against Japan. Then there would be a resurgence of hope in the world which would repay all the toil and sacrifices of the war.

President Roosevelt said that within the limits of space and shipping all the forces of the United States and the British Empire would be thrown against Japan. Plans for the next major operation were not complete because it had not been given a definite date. Selection of the date was impossible now because of uncertainty when Germany would collapse but the President hoped that that would be soon.

President Roosevelt added that plans had been made at the Conference for the United Nations to keep on fighting the Japanese all the way across the Pacific until Japan was utterly defeated and punished for the barbarism she had displayed and the pain she had inflicted on millions of people.

GANDHI-JINNAH TALKS

Two Days' Break This Week

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A statement that the Gandhi-Jinnah talks will not be held for two days in the coming week, was made by Mr. Jinnah after today's talks which lasted for an hour and a half, commencing from 5-30 p. m. at No. 10, Mount Pleasant Road.

HOLIDAY FOR 'ID'

The two days when the leaders will not meet are to-morrow (Monday) which is the day of silence for Gandhiji and the Id Day which may fall either on Tuesday or Wednesday, depending on the visibility of the moon. After the Id, the talks will be held every day from 5-30 p.m. to 7 p.m., until further announcement.

There is no indication yet for how many days the talks will be continued. To a foreign press correspondent who sought information on this point, Mr. Jinnah replied: "I can't tell you anything."

After a quiet day at Birla House, Gandhiji motored to Mr. Jinnah's residence at 5-25 p.m., and was greeted by Mr. Jinnah in the porch with: "How are you? Alright?"

The inevitable cameramen came in for comment when the leaders reappeared in the porch after the talks. "Again, these cameramen?" asked Mr. Jinnah with a surprised look. Gandhiji pointed his finger at someone who had clambered up a rickety chair with his camera.

SCHEDULE FOR TALKS

Announcing the schedule of the talks for the next week, Mr. Jinnah said, "To-morrow, it is a day of silence which Mr. Gandhi observes, and, therefore, we shall not be able to meet. To-morrow will also decide whether Id is on Tuesday."

While Mr. Jinnah was explaining the point by saying: "If the moon appears on Monday evening" Gandhiji broke in and said: "If the moon is visible".....

Both the leaders smiled. Mr. Jinnah continued: "If the moon is visible on Monday evening, then we shall not be able to meet on Tuesday. Otherwise we will meet on Tuesday at 5-30 p.m. But if it is announced that the Id is not on Tuesday then the Id will be on Wednesday when we shall not be able to meet. Thereafter we will meet from day to day from 5-30 p.m. to 7 p.m., until further announcement.

As soon as Mr. Jinnah had concluded his statement, Gandhiji made his way through a cordon of reporters, with a cryptic appeal: "Let a poor man go."

Ten thousand people were waiting patiently for Gandhiji in inclement weather in the compound of Rungta House at prayer time. Unwilling to disappoint them, Gandhiji walked down briskly from Birla House, curtailed the prayer to the singing of "Ram Nam" and walked back.

Battle Of Britain

SPECIAL SERVICE IN ST. THOMAS CATHEDRAL.

A special service in commemoration of the fourth anniversary of the Battle of Britain was held at St. Thomas Cathedral, on Sunday morning. The senior Presidency Chaplain officiated at the service.

The preacher was Rev. Colin, Chaplain of the R. A. F. The service was attended by, among others, members of the R. A. F. personnel in Bombay and members of the other services.

Air Commodore Wilson, Group Captain A. D. H. Foster, Vice-Admiral Cantlie and Rear-Admiral Rattray and Brigadier C. Southgate were among those present. After the service, units including W. A. C.'s marched through Churchgate Street and Mayo Road and march-passed Air Commodore Wilson who took the salute.

SARASWAT BRAHMAN SAMAJ: The Saraswat Brahman Samaj will hold its annual "Saraswati Mahotsav" from to-day (18th Sept.), till the 27th inst. There will be public lectures each evening on social, religious and other subjects. An exhibition of the works of old and new authors will be held in connection with the "Mahotsav". The Mahotsav will commence to-day, at 6-30 p.m., when Mr. R. K. Prabhu will give a talk of the origin of some leading Hindu festivals. At 9-30 p.m to-night there will be a musical performance by Kumari Indumati Prabhu.

PRINCES MUST BREAK WITH PARAMOUNT POWER

Indian Independence Alone Will Solve Problem Of States People

(From A Correspondent).

UJJAIN, Sept 17.

"The agitation of the Indian States people leading to the severance of all political connections by Indian Princes with the British Paramount Power is only a counterpart of the "Quit India" demand raised by Gandhiji in India. Whether it be British or the so-called Indian India, India is one and indivisible and, therefore, the problems confronting the States people are also one and the same and can be solved only when complete independence is achieved," declared Mr. T. S. Gokhale, newly elected President of Gwalior State Sarwajanik Sabha, presiding over the 25th session of the Sabha which began here this evening.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master, President of Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and Mayor of Bombay inaugurated the conference which was attended by about 250 delegates from all over the State and nearly 10,000 people including a large number of 'Kisans' and workers.

Mr. Gokhale in his speech observed that imperialist powers all over the world should realise that imperialism was a thing of the past. British imperialism had also realise it. The war which is to-day being foucht to crush Nazism and Fascism could not stop without bringing to an end imperialism and capitalism.

Mr. Gokhale added: "By complete independence in Indian States we mean full responsible Government which is only possible when Britishers are no more in power in our country. When we ask for responsible Government, we are shown treaties; but we know that they have lost their value and are only used to deny us our rights and to save these dictators of a feudal age for serving the British Government."

Proceeding Mr. Gokhale said. "The time for semi-elected Legislative Councils enjoying petty rights has gone and it is essential that Representative Responsible Governments are immediately established in the states. A National Government is bound to be formed in the country very soon and Indian States shall also have to join it because they would not be tolerated as Ulsters."

Mr. Gokhale deplored the restrictions on civil liberties in Gwalior State. In this connection he mentions the bans imposed on public meetings and processions in Lashkar and Gwalior. Concluding his speech Mr. Gokhale appealed to all sections of Gwalior State people to muster strong in the Sabha to achieve full responsible Government under aegis of Maharaja of Gwalior.

City Labour Support To Unity Talks

Through Congress-League Settlement To National Govt.

A mass meeting of the city labour held under the joint auspices of the Bombay Committee of the Communist Party of India and the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union at the Kamgar Maidan, Parel, on Sunday evening accorded its full support to the efforts of Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. M. A. Jinnah to reach a settlement thus building up a united national front. A resolution to this effect was passed on the occasion.

Mr. S. S. Mirajkar who presided deprecated the attempts on the part of certain misguided people to break down the talks by creating obstacles and spreading rumours. He was however confident about the successful results of the talks. If that followed, said he, National Government, which was the need of the hour would be an accomplished fact. Such a result under the existing circumstances, according to the speaker, was a consummation devoutly to be wished.

Mr. Mohmed Sahid who moved the resolution referred to the great confidence created in the people by the Jinnah-Gandhi talks, out of which, he believed, some good was sure to accrue.

Mr. B. T. Ranadive felt that unity was nearer than most people believed. He welcomed the unity efforts because he believed that their success would lead to the ultimate establishment of National Government.

Such a Government, he said, would shorten the course of the war, and also help in solving immediate economic problems of the country, like the food problem.

Other speakers also welcomed the Gandhi-Jinnah talks.

Bihar Kisans Demand Rajen Babu's Release

PATNA, Sept. 16

At an emergent meeting of the Bihar Provincial Kisan Council to-day, Swami Sahajanand Saraswati presiding, a resolution welcoming the Gandhi-Jinnah talks and expressing the hope that the deliberations would serve all round interest of the country, was passed.

By another resolution the meeting urged the release of Dr. Rajendra Prasad and other political prisoners for organising help to the North Bihar epidemic sufferers

The Council demanded fixation of sugarcane price at Rs. 2 per maund waiving away of the restriction on 'gur' preparations and its export. It further desired that separate arrangements for Bihar and U. P. should be made to deal with the sugarcane problem.—United Press.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 16: By the early part of this year the East India squadrons had brought their total score of enemy aircraft destroyed to 300

INDIAN CHRISTIANS ACCUSE GOVT.

Demand For Complete Independence

MADRAS, Sept. 17.

A resolution declaring that the Madras Legislature Indian Christian Group stands for political and economic independence of India and calling upon the British Government to set up without any delay representative Government at the Centre and in the Provinces governed under section 93, was adopted at a meeting of the group held here to-day under the presidency of Mr. S. J. Gonsalves, M.L.C.

By another resolution the group stated that while welcoming a settlement among various communities in this country it is of opinion that division of India into units based on the domination by any particular community is not in the best interests of this country. The group is not against self-determination of any territorial unit in India if a majority of inhabitants of a unity desire full and complete autonomy.

The meeting expressed the opinion that professions of the British Government in India that they are anxious for safeguarding the interests of minorities are not borne out by the treatment accorded by them to the Indian Christian community.

The group regretted that the British Government systematically ignored the claims of the Indian Christian community for representation in the Viceroy's Executive Council at the Madras High Court Bench in spite of repeated representations on behalf of the community and the professed policy of the British Government towards the minorities.—United Press.

INDUSTRY FETTERED BY GOVT. CONTROLS

Sugar Mills Association Chief On Post-War Problems

"I cannot agree to the total control as is being exercised at present by the Government. Any system of control must bear a relationship to the level of economic development of a country, and the most striking feature about the war-time economic controls in India is that there has been control without development", thus observed Mr. Lalchand Hirachand in his Presidential Address delivered at the Twelfth Annual General Meeting of the Indian Sugar Mills Association at Cawnpore on Saturday.

Proceeding he remarked, "I shall always prefer a self-imposed control to the Government control. The oft-quoted maxim 'more business in government and less government in business', should not be lost sight of in any scheme of planning for the future. An industry always fettered by Government controls at every step cannot visualise a future for it in an atmosphere of free competition."

With reference to the problem of distribution of sugar in the post-war years, Mr. Lalchand observed that "unless we link our schemes of production with those of distribution there will always be danger of over-production and consequent slumps and booms in the industry."

Mr. Lalchand next stated that "any plan of post-war re-organisation of the sugar industry which has rationalisation as its objective must concentrate on reduction in the cost of production.

Concluding the speaker emphasised the necessity of Government giving every facility for the transport of cane by rail to the factories and pointed out that unless the restrictions proposed to be imposed on the movement of cane were withdrawn there would be further reduction in the production of sugar.

Sugar Requirements To Be Ensured

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Sept. 14.

It is learnt that the sugar requirements of India for 1945-46 have been tentatively placed at 12,50,000 tons and steps are being taken to ensure this requirement.

TRACTORS TO IMPROVE FERTILITY OF U. P. AND C. I. LANDS

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Sept. 14.

The Committee on Agricultural Implements has recommended the importation of 15 to 17 hundred tractors to improve the fertility of about three million acres of land in the U. P. and Central India. The problem of water-logging in the Punjab is proposed to be met by tube-wells.

Central Govt. And Indian Emigration Act

NEW DELHI, Sept. 16: With effect from October 1, 1944, says a Gazette of India notification, the Central Government will resume the functions assigned to them under the Indian Emigration Act which have hitherto been performed by the Provincial Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the United Provinces, Bihar, Orissa and Sind by virtue of entrustment from time to time, by the Central Government under Section (1) of Section 124 of the Government of India Act, 1935. These functions will, after resumption, be performed by the Central Government through the Controller-General of Emigration in the Department of Commonwealth Relations, New Delhi.

The new Controller-General of Emigration is Mr. A. V. Pai.—A. P.

Bihar Harijans Wish Success To Gandhi-Jinnah Talks

PATNA, Sept. 15.

A resolution wishing success to the Gandhi-Jinnah talks was passed by the Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Depressed Classes League.

The Committee demanded full representation of the Depressed Classes in the Governance of the country on a population basis and at the same time expressed dissatisfaction over the C. R. formula and the seven point proposal of Mahatma Gandhi which makes no mention of the Depressed Classes.

The release of Dr. Rajendra Prasad was also demanded by the Committee to keep the relief operations in North Bihar.—A. P.

Security Prisoner Released

NASIK, Sept. 17.

Mr. V. G. Damle, who was arrested at Bombay on April 19, 1943, along with some prominent Congress workers of Maharashtra by the police when they raided a building near the Bombay Central Station of the B. B. and C. I. Railway, and was subsequently detained as a security prisoner in the Nasik Road Central Prison, was released yesterday unconditionally.—United Press.

DETENU RELEASED

ERODE, Sept. 17: Mr. E. S. Ganapati Subramani Iyer, a detenu who has been here on parole received orders intimating that the order of his detention has been cancelled and consequently he has been released unconditionally.—United Press

DETENU RELEASED

CAWNPORE, Sept. 16: Mr. Shyam Sunder Sharma, a Congress worker, has been released from Unao jail. Mr. Sharma was arrested during the August disturbances of 1942.—A. P.

RELEASED PRISONER SENT BACK TO JAIL

CUTTACK, Sept. 16.—Mr. Gopabandhu Chaudhury has been sentenced by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Kendrapara to three months' R.I. for alleged contravention of restrictions imposed on him after his release from Berhampore jail, where he had been a security prisoner. Mr. Chaudhury has been placed in "A" class.—A.P.

Railwaymen's Conference Demand

LAHORE, Sept. 17.

Dearness allowance not less than Rs. 45 per head per month for the subordinate railway staff or in the alternative 100 per cent increase in their pay was demanded by the All-India Railwaymen's Conference held this evening under the presidency of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta.

The Conference adopted another resolution authorising the All-India Railwaymen's Federation to take "prompt and effective action to implement these demands" in the event of the Railway Board not accepting the same.

Some Railway employees demonstrated with black flags against Mr. Jamnadas Mehta by assembling near the Conference venue ever since the time of its commencement but Mr. Mehta turned up four hours after the fixed time when the demonstrators had already dispersd.—United Press.

NASIK ART TREASURES: The fourth annual art exhibition, with a view to buy some pictures for the Nasik Art Gallery, will be held at Nasik from September 24, to 2nd October.

As usual no prizes or medals will be awarded to any of the exhibits of the professionals, but for encouraging the Art Students one Silver medal and four money prizes are specially offered from this year. The last date of sending pictures is September 20. Local contributions may be sent through Mr. R. Karandikar Bros. Girgaon who are specially appointed to fcilitate the sending of the city artists entries.

A.-I. STATES LEAGUE COUNCIL

The Council of the All-India States Muslim League will be held in Bombay on October 15, 16 and 17.

TO FREEDOM FROM NAZI CAPTIVITY

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 16: The Swedish liner "Gripsholm" last of the three vessels bringing 1,800 British and Commonwealth servicemen and 300 civilians from captivity in Germany berthed at Liverpool this evening.

For three months a Catholic priest interned in Germany was not allowed to say mass in the Chapel of the internment camp. Even when the Germans eventually allowed him to give two services weekly—Mass and Benediction on Sundays—the service was closely watched by the German censor sitting in the Chapel checking the script.

This story was told by repatriated Father James Hall of Nelson, Lancashire, when he landed from the liner, "Drottningholm" at Liverpool to-night. At one period his internment hall was allowed to go to confession only thrice in nine months.

The disembarkation of passengers from the "Drottningholm" will be completed to-morrow morning and then British repatriates aboard the "Gripsholm" will land.

Another repatriate who was interned in a camp near Belfort, in Southern France, said French partisans living in the district smuggled radio sets into the camp so that the internees could hear B. B. C. news bulletins and programmes.—Reuter.

Indore Budget

INDORE, Sept. 17.

The Budget for the year 1944-45 which was presented in the Indore Legislative Council estimates revenue receipts of Rs. 3,26,80,700 as against Rs. 2,02,81,500 this year and an expenditure of Rs. 3,22,26,100 as against Rs. 1,98,67,700 of the current year. The year is thus expected to close with a surplus of Rs. 4,54,600.

The expenditure for the year 1944-45 includes Rs. 100 lacs credited to the fund for welfare and development of the State, which amount is likely to be used in the post-war period. The other important item of estimated expenditure is the provision of Rs. 8 lacs chiefly for payment dearness allowance to the employees of the State.—United Press.

"KHADI JAGAT"

WARDHA, Sept. 17.

The "United Press" understands that it would not be possible for the All-India Spinners' Association, Sewagram, to publish its monthly magazine, the "Khadi Jagat" at an early date, because the publication requires permission from the Government of India.—United Press.

CHEVROLET — SPARE PARTS

CHEVROLET spare parts are available in limited quantities, at Government controlled prices, to users of vehicles considered essential by the Provincial Motor Transport Controller.

Printed price lists issued by General Motors India Limited are available from dealers. Do not pay more than the controlled prices for Chevrolet parts, some examples of which are listed below:—

Generator Cutout	Rs. 10|-	Generator Brush	Rs. 1|4
Distributor Cap	Rs. 3|12	Ignition Coil	Rs. 14|10
Breaker Arm	Rs. 1|14	Condensor	Rs. 2|8

In order to conserve the supply of spare parts, owners of Chevrolet vehicles are urged to pay particular attention to proper maintenance and to the prevention of undue wear and tear. Drive carefully, use good quality lubricants at the prescribed intervals, and have your vehicle checked over regularly by your local Chevrolet dealer—he will keep your vehicle serving well by keeping it well serviced.

Regarding the procedure for obtaining Chevrolet spare parts for essential vehicles, consult the nearest Chevrolet dealer.

GENERAL MOTORS INDIA LIMITED
P O BOX 39 BOMBAY

Godrej No. 2
Supreme among soaps reigns this large and handsome tablet—alluringly perfumed; cosmetic and germicidal.
No. 1 : No. 2
Vatni Sandal
Limda FAMILY
Turkish Bath
Shaving Stick
Shaving Round
Guaranteed 100% pure free from animal fat

Beauty Revealed

Do you know what a wealth of undiscovered beauty your skin holds for you? Treat it regularly the simple, sensible, reliable way with luxurious Godrej No. 2 toilet soap—for a flawless all-over complexion. Perfectly neutral, made from a select blend of tonic Vegetable oils—*Nature's best beauty aids*—Godrej No. 2 gives your skin a healthy foundation, so vital for safeguarding against unsightly blemishes. Massage the caressing, cosmetic lather lightly all over your skin to render it alluringly supple and satin-soft. Moreover, the germicidal attributes of some of the ingredients (to which the soap owes its hue) ensure your skin-health. To finish up, the lingering perfume, redolent of a bouquet of flowers, will accent your attractiveness and keep your skin fragrantly fresh. You will discover *so much more for so little more* in this beauty soap of discriminating users.

Godrej No. 2 TOILET SOAP

GODREJ SOAPS LTD. — Bombay II

ATTENTION, please!

GODREJ SOAPS, LTD. do *NOT* manufacture or sell washing soaps or any other toilet soaps than those listed in the panel above. Soaps other than these toilet soaps, are *NOT* the products of this company.

A Pledge and a Promise

A lot is talked about stamped cloth and unstamped cloth. Look at the "INDU" stamp above and stamp it on your mind. It's the mark of quality in textiles. It is stamped on 91,660 miles of cloth produced annually by India's largest textile group—"INDU."

While nearly all our vast resources are now pledged towards winning the war, we promise you that in the wake of this war we will bring you quality textiles of remarkable durability. When better cloths are woven, the "INDU" trade mark will be stamped on the best.

THE "INDU" GROUP OF MILLS:

JACOB MILLS
RACHEL MILLS
E. D. MILLS
ALEXANDRA MILLS
MANCHESTER MILLS
TURKEY RED DYE WORKS

The INDIA UNITED MILLS LTD

INDIA'S LARGEST TEXTILE GROUP
216,982 SPINDLES & 6,673 LOOMS

MANAGING AGENTS:
MESSRS. AGARWAL & CO.,
ED. SASSOON BUILDING, DOUGALL ROAD, BOMBAY

HERE ARE THE ANSWERS TO YOUR QUESTIONS ABOUT Prize Bonds

"How much do they cost?" There are two denominations—Rs. 10 and Rs. 100.

"Where can I buy them?" At any Indian Office of the Reserve Bank of India, Imperial Bank of India, Government Treasury in British India or in an Indian State conducting Government of India Treasury business.

"What are the prizes?" The prizes are by series of 1 lakh pieces. For each series of Rs. 100 Bonds participating in a draw, 1st Prize Rs. 50,000, two 2nd Prizes of Rs. 20,000 each and two 3rd Prizes of Rs. 5,000 each. Total prize money, Rs. 1,00,000 for each drawing. For Rs. 10 Bonds, 1st Prize Rs. 2,500, two 2nd Prizes of Rs. 1,250 each, five 3rd Prizes of Rs. 500 each and ten 4th Prizes of Rs. 250 each. Total prize money Rs. 10,000 for each series.

"Once a Bond has won a prize I suppose it is withdrawn from all future draws?" Certainly not. Every Bond whether it has won a prize or not is included in all draws until 15th January 1949 and so can, if you are lucky, win more than one prize for you.

"Are prizes subject to a tax?" No. They are free of Income Tax, Super Tax, Excess Profits Tax or Corporation Tax.

"Where are prizes paid?" See question two. Prizes are paid at all the above mentioned offices and at Sub-treasuries also.

"Are Prize Bonds repayable?" Yes, at par on or after 15th January 1949. That is, you get absolute security for your money AND the chance to win one or more large cash Prizes.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Prize Bonds

ISSUED BY FINANCE DEPARTMENT, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

AAA 983

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

ACCLAIMED A MOTION PICTURE

Experience Young and Old Will long remember

Central Studios'

PARAKH

Starring

MEHTAB

KAUSHALYA, BALWANT SINGH, YAKUB and SHAH NAWAZ

SADIQ ALI, TARAPORE, PRATIMADEVI, LATIKA

Directed By SOHRAB MODI

Now Running to Packed Houses

NEW WEST END

Daily: 4, 7 and 10 P. M.

Booking 10 to 12 & 3 to 6 P. M.

A Minerva F. E. Release

Thru Famous Pictures

REGAL (Phone 35017)

At 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

ZENANA SHOW

To-day at 1-30 P. M.

RANJIT'S

PAGLI DUNIYA

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 P. M.

OPERA HOUSE

25TH SILVER JUBILEE WEEK!

HURRY UP SINCE

To make room for 'Parbat Pe Apna Dera' We are constrained To Withdraw 'Mali', Inspite of Good Houses On 27th Sept.

Rajkamal's & V. Shantaram's

MALI

(Hindustani & Marathi)

Hindi: 4, 7 Marathi: 10 P. M. Fri., Sat., Sun., Wed. 1 P. M.

Don't Miss It At

NOVELTY

54TH GOLDEN WEEK!

Rajkamal's & V. Shantaram's

SHAKUNTALA

Starring: JAYASHREE

Daily: 4, 7, 10

Sat., Sun., Wed., Fri. 1-15 p. m.

SWASTIK

57TH WEEK

PRAKASH'S

RAM RAJYA

Director: VIJAY BHATT

ALL-COLOURED HINDI COPY

Daily: 3-30 & 6-30 (HINDI) 9-30 (MARATHI)

EXTRA HINDI SHOW on WEDNESDAY AT 12-30

SUPER

An "EVERGREEN" Release

PRAFULLA'S & VINAYAK'S

"GAJABHAU"

Is at Home to Bombay

KRISHNA

Daily: 4, 7, 10 P. M.

Wednesday Matinee 1 P. M.

Plans Open: 10 to 12 & 3 to 6

7th Week of Fun! See KARDAR'S Crazy Comedy!

"SANJOG"

IMPERIAL

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

Sat., Sun. & Wed. at 1-30 p.m.

A GREAT WARRIOR
A GREAT CONQUEROR
A GREAT EMPEROR
A GREAT MAN

SHAHENSHAH

BABAR

RANJIT'S Great Historical

Starring: KHURSHID

SHEIKH MUKHTAR, SUSHIL KUMAR,

Director: VAJAHAT MIRZA

NEXT WEDNESDAY AT

OPERA HOUSE

Advance Booking: 9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30

AJIT RELEASE

COMING SHORTLY!

ONE OF INDIA'S ACE-DIRECTORS—

NITIN BOSE

Presents A TENSE DRAMA OF CONFLICT BETWEEN LOVE & DUTY, THROWN AGAINST THE BACK GROUND OF WAR!....

"MUJRIM"

Otherwise

The ONE I LOVED

Starring— LEELA DESAI

MOTILAL, YAKUB, JAGDEESH, VEENA KUMARI SUNALINEE DEVI, S. NAZIR

(A Suresh Film Dist. Release)

—NEXT CHANGE AT—

ROXY

BE TALLER

You can be 1 to 4 inches taller in 16 days ...GUARANTEED.

If you are short, it is because 200 GROWTH GLANDS in your body are inactive. TALSPINE SCIENTIFIC SYSTEM actually stimulates the inactive growth glands and helps you increase your height within 16 days.

TALSPINE TABLETS are manufactured in a leading laboratory of ENGLAND and the formula is open to the Medical profession. Just take two tablets a day for 16 days only and see your height increasing by inches. *Countless number of people owe their success to this remarkable gland food.*

GUARANTEE ENCLOSED WITH EACH PACKET OF TALSPINE GLAND FOOD.

Refuse cheap imitations. Look for the name TALSPINE.

Price Rs. 5-8 per packet—postage and packing Re. 1 extra.

A number of unsolicited testimonials are received every day along with repeat orders.

MADE IN ENGLAND

TALSPINE

GLAND FOOD TABLETS

423

Distributors: THE BRITISH TRADING CO. NAS.

(Licensed Pharmaceutical Dealers and Manufacturers, Nawab Building, opp. Thomas Cook & Sons Ltd.)

Dept. B.C. 327, Hornby Road, Bombay

N. B.—Available at ATLANTIC STORES, Colaba Causeway.

ASIATIC STORES, opp. Churchgate Station.

POPULAR PHARMACY, Lamington Road, Dadar, and Branches.

PERRY & CO., LTD., Grant Road, Bombay.

3RD WEEK! A COUPLE'S DESIRE FOR A SON Creates Stirring Drama in

JEEWAN

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m. MAJESTIC

Sat., Sun., Wed. at 1 p.m.

THE LOVE-LYRIC OF A POETESS & CARTOONIST

PRAKASH'S

Musical Melodrama

KAVITA

Daily: 4, 7 & 9-45.

Ad. Booking 10 to 12 & 3 to 5. Mat. on Wednesday 1 p.m.

CAPITOL

AN EVERGREEN RELEASE.

EXTRA MATINEE WED. SEPT. 20

Marathi Matinees at 1 on Fri., Sat., Sun. & Holidays

Daily: 7 Marathi

Daily: 4 & 10 Hindi

CENTRAL

12TH WEEK

PRABHAT'S

RAMSHASTRI

FIFTH FLORAL WEEK!

PRADHAN PICTURES

Dassi

★RAGINI ★NAJAM ★GYANI ★KALAVATI

MINERVA

Daily: 4, 7 & 10; Matinees at 1-0 on Sat., Sun., Holidays

18TH WEEK OF GLORY

Director: JAYANT DESAI'S

MANORAMA

Ishwarlal, Leela Chitnis, Charlie

ROXY TALKIES

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 P. M.

Booking: 10 to 12 & 3 to 6

MATINEE ON WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY AT 1-45 P.M.

GRAND 3RD WEEK

ACHARYA ART'S

AGE KADAM

Starring: MOTILAL & ANJALIDEVI

Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10-15

Advance Booking 10 to 12 and 4 to 6

TAJ SPECIAL SHOW OF "PUKAR"

On Wednesday & Thursday at 10 a.m.

—An Evergreen Release—

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashoe Shud 1, 2000.
Muslim: Ramzan 29, 1363.
Parsi: Farvardin 15, 1314.
Sunrise: 7-27 a.m. Suset: 7-39 p.m.
Hightide: 1-19, 13-35.
Lowtide: 7-06, 19-34.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH.

BHARGAVA: Rameshwar, beloved second son of Bisheshwarnath M. Bhargava, M. B. E., J. P., General Manager, Podar Sons, Ltd., Bombay died on Saturday, at 10-6 a.m., after a brief illness of typhoid of three weeks, aged 15 years, at his residence, Gopal Bhuvan, Tagore Road, Santa Cruz, Bombay, Uthamna Ceremony on Monday the 18th instant between 5-30 and 7 p.m. at Gopal Bhuvan, Tagore Road, Santa Cruz.

To-day's Engagements

MAZDAZNAN YOUTH MOVEMENT SCIENCE EVENING: Youths will speak on different topics relating to science at Mazdaznan Temple Hall, to-day (Monday), at 6-15 p.m., Mother Gloria will preside.

SHRI RAMACHANDRA BHAJANA SAMAJ, DADAR: Rudrabhishekam in the morning. Deepardhanai at 9-30 p.m. (S. T.), and Music (vocal) by Mr. M. S. Rama Iyer and party from 10 p.m to 11-30 p.m. (S. T.).

BOMBAY SINDHI ASSOCIATION: Under the auspices of the Association an Address of Welcome will be presented to Shri Swami Harnamdasji, the Mahant Sahib of Sadh Bella Sind, in Sundrabai Hall, to-day (Monday), at 6-0 p.m.

STANDING COMMITTEE: The next Weekly Meeting of the Standing Committee will be held here to-day (Monday), at 1 p.m. (B. T.), instead of on Wednesday, September 20, that day being a Public Holiday, viz., Ramzan Id.

RAMZAN I'D: Prayers will be offered in the Maidan opposite General Telegraph Office, near Churchgate instead of Esplanade Maidan, at 9-30 a.m. (N. S. T.), on I'd day. Before the prayers Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, President of Bombay Provincial Muslim League will perform the flag hoisting ceremony.

U. P. Muslim Association I'd gathering 5 p.m., on I'd day at Hume High School, Byculla.

MODERN YOUTH'S CIRCLE: Mr. H. F. Bakir (Hon. Gen. Secretary and Editor) and Mr. M. K. Pandya (Hon. Treasurer) have planned a trip to Northern India to organise the Branches of the M. Y. C. and to further the activities. Among the various places which they will visit are Delhi, Agra, Muttra, Lahore and Amritsar. They are leaving Bombay to-day (Monday), by the Frontier Mail for Delhi.

NAVRATRI UTSAV: Under the auspices of Bhatia Stri Mandal the following Programme is arranged for Navratri Utsav.

Pandit Balmukund's Pravachan:—On the subject "Maha Bharat" for 15 days from 18-9-44, at 3-0 p.m. to 5-30 p.m. every day at Bhagvan Bhuvan, Mint Road, Fort. Garba and Lahani:—At 5-0 to 7-0 p.m., at Adhibai Chatrabhuj Varga, Vadgadi and Bhatia Stri Hunnar Udyog Varga at Hansraj Murarji Building, at Ghatkopar.

BARAMATI HARIJAN BOARDING FUND: Donations of Rs. 8,231 from the following donors have been collected:—Rs. 1,500 Lala Hansraj and Lala Bishandas; Rs. 1,001 Mr. B. T. Gaikawad; Rs. 1,000 each from Messrs. Southern Knitting Works, B. S. Mohot and Dewji Dharsi and Sons; Rs. 760 a Sympathiser; Rs. 500 Mr. Gopalrao S. Bholte; Rs. 250 each from Messrs. Ramchandra S. Karande, D. S. Kshirsagar, and B. P. Samant & Co.; Rs. 126 Mr. S. D. Gadre; Rs. 101 each from Messrs. S. C. Banerji, D. Y. Sambrani, Babulal Gangadas, and B. T. Chowdhari; Rs. 100 each from Messrs. J. M. Gupta, and A Sympathiser; Rs. 51 from Mr. Maruti G. Abnave. Donations are received and acknowledged at Messrs. Eastern Leather Works, Prarthana Samaj, Bombay No. 4.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SOCIETY EXHIBITION.

The Sixth Members' Exhibition of the Photographic Society of India will be opened by Sir Homi M. Mehta, President of the Society, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 6-30 p.m. at the Society's Salon. The Exhibition will be on view from 20th to 28th September 1944 between 5 p.m. and 7-30 p.m.

NATIONAL WAR FRONT ESSAY COMPETITION FOR TEACHERS

The National War Front has organised an Essay Competition open to High School and College teachers on "Prospects of building a new order of international harmony and co-operation on stable foundations. What forces should be set to work to create world opinion in favour of such an order?"

There will be two prizes, one of Rs. 300 and another of Rs. 150.

Mr. B. J. Wadia, Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay and Rev. James Kellock, Principal of Wilson College, will act as judges. The last date for submitting entries is 15th December 1944.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

(MONDAY, Sept. 18.)

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8-0 a.m. Rajen Sarkar. 8-5 News (H.), 8-15 News (E.), 8-30 Khayals. 8-50 News (M.). 9-0 News (G.), 9-10 To-morrow. 9-15 Krishnabai Bahutule. 9-30 Ghazal and Dadra. 9-45 AIR Quartet.

12-30 p.m. Geet. 12-45 News (M.), 12-50 News (G.), 12-55 News (H.), 1-0 For Women (H.), 1-30 News (E.), 1-40 Music. 5-0 Imam Ali Khan. 5-20 H. Taranath. 5-35 Madhusudan G. Acharya. 5-55 Local Announcements. 6-0 At Six 6-30 News (E.), 6-40 News (H.). 6-45 News Commentary (M.). 6-50 H. Taranath. 7-0 Among Japanese (G.). 7-15 Imam Ali Khan. 7-35 From "Bhavatarang". 7-45 Music from Films. 8-0 AIR Orchestra. 8-15 In News. 8-20 Music. 8-25 News (M.). 8-35 News (G.). 8-45 Radio Reconnaissance (E.). 9-0 News (H.). 9-20 News (E.). 9-30 B. B. C. News. 9-45 Foundations of Freedom (1) from B. B. C. 10-5 Krishnabai Bahutule. 10-20 Narandas and Jeksondas. 10-30 Dhun Rageshree. 10-40 Madhusudan C. Acharya.

BOMBAY—2.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—8-5 a.m. Leela Limaye. 8-50 Violin Duet. 9-0 Tarana. 9-10 to 10-0 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—12-30 to 2-30 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

48.73 m. (6.150 kc/s)—6-0 p.m. Imam Ali Khan. 6-20 Sitar. 7-15 to 7-30 Interval.

89.15 m. (3,365 kc/s)—7-30 p.m. Commercial. News. 7-42 Musical Interlude. 7-45 Calling Rural Listeners. 8-25 Madhusudan G. Acharya. 9-0 Narandas and Jeksondas. 9-10 Krishnabai Bahutule. 9-25 Khayals. 10-5 Doreen Stephens. 10-15 Arthur D'Silva and Teetotaller's Dance Band. 11-0 Close down.

Provincial Table Tennis

SINGLES TITLE FOR RUSSI COOPER

Last Sunday evening saw the successful conclusion of the Bombay Provincial Table Tennis Championships Tournament at the St. Xavier's College Hall. All the final matches were well fought out. In fact most of them were long-drawn-out affairs. Russi Cooper defeated Uttam Chandarana and wrested the singles crown from him. The latter however succeeded in carrying away the Men's Doubles title with the assistance of Patkar. The Mixed Doubles Championship went to Lady Kapadia and Perin Madon who made a splendid recovery after losing the first two games to win the battle outright.

Miss Shroff won her second title of the season defeating Miss Madon in the Women's Singles final. The Women's Doubles Championship however went to Miss Lady Burjor and Miss Cassinath who got the better of the finalists of the singles in a four game contest.

J. K. Umrigar retained the Junior's Championship defeating R. M. Khatau in the final.

Mr. Faroqui, Collector of Bombay, presided and distributed the trophies and prizes.

The following are the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES FINAL: R. S. Cooper beat U. M. Chandarana 22-24, 21-18, 21-17, 15-21, 21-10.

MEN'S DOUBLES FINAL: U. M. Chandarana and V. S. Patkar beat R. S. Cooper and K. S. Cooper 13-21, 21-10, 19-21, 21-6, 23-21.

WOMEN'S SINGLES FINAL: Miss R. K. Shroff beat Miss P. F. Madon 16-21, 21-15, 21-19, 21-17.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES FINAL: Miss M. K. Dadyburjor and Miss B M. Cassinath beat Miss P. F. Madon and Miss R. K. Shroff 21-14, 23-21, 16-21, 23-21.

MIXED DOUBLES FINAL: D. H. Kapadia and Miss P. F. Madon beat C. Ramaswamy and Miss B. M. Cassinath 12-21, 18-21, 21-19, 21-19, 22-20.

JUNIOR'S FINAL: J. K. Umrigar beat R. M. Khatau 21-14, 21-17.

DADY KAPADIA TO LEAD BOMBAY TABLE TENNIS TEAM

D. H. Kapadia has been elected Captain of the Bombay Team which will participate in the ensuing Inter-Provincial Table Tennis Tournament next month in Bombay.

W. I. BADMINTON CHAMPIONSHIP

DINKAR RAO WINS SINGLES CROWN

Rangnekar Fails To Do Hattrick

The Western India Badminton Championships Tournament came to a successful conclusion at the Bombay Gymkhana on Sunday evening when the remaining finals were decided in the presence of a large and enthusiastic crowd.

The day commenced with the Junior Singles-final which G. Chandiramani won at the expense of B. R. Desai without any serious opposition. This was followed by the mixed Doubles final in which Khandu Rangnekar and Maki Vimadalal succumbed to Sunil Bose and Suman Deodhar rather easily. Khandu Rangnekar was not in his usual form while Sunil played for all he was worth which accounts for the two straight games result.

HENRY FERREIRA'S GREAT FIGHT

The final match in the Men's Singles was however keenly contested. Although Henry Ferreira fought every inch of the ground, he could not wrest even a game from his rival. Dinkar Rao was of course is an irresistible form and was also blessed with a certain amount of luck, which paved the way for his victory. He thoroughly deserves the title.

The Professionals Doubles Championship was won by Ramchandra and L. G. Salve who overpowered Popatlal Mohanlal and G. Atmaram in the final after a strenuous fight.

Sir Leonard Stone, the Chief Justice of Bombay presided and Lady Stone distributed the trophies and prizes.

The following are the results Junior's Singles Final:—

JUNIOR'S SINGLES FINAL

G. Chandiramani beat B. R. Desai 15-7, 15-10.

MIXED DOUBLES FINAL

Miss Suman Deodhar and S. Bose beat Miss M. R. Vimadalal and K. M. Rangnekar 15-6, 15-10.

MEN'S SINGLES FINAL

S. Dinkar Rao beat H. Ferreira 15-13, 17-14.

PROFESSIONALS DOUBLES FINAL

L. G. Salve and Ramchandra beat Popatlal Mohanlal and G. Atmaram 18-17, 10-15, 18-17.

KERALA MAHILA SAMAJ VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT

Malabar residents of Bombay gave an enthusiastic reception to an interesting programme of variety entertainment got up by the Kerala Mahila Samaj at Khalsa College Hall, Matunga, on Sunday evening in aid of the funds of the Samaj. Popular folk songs and dances of Malabar formed the major part of the programme. An energetic band of Kerala women led by Mrs. M. K. Velodi and Mrs. M. Karuven worked hard to make the function a splendid success.

7TH BOMBAY PROVINCIAL SECONDARY TEACHERS' CONFERENCE

At a meeting of the Reception Committee of the Bombay Provincial Secondary Teachers' Conference held on Saturday the 16th instant under the Presidentship of Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyer, Principal S. I. E. S. High School, in the C. L. Boy's High School, Dadar, it was decided to hold the seventh session of the conference at Dadar on the 26th and 27th of October, 1944. Mr. B. N. Vaidya of the Indian Education Society was elected Chairman of the Reception Committee. Various other sub-committees to carry on the work of the conference, were also formed. The delegate's fee was fixed at Rs. 2 and visitors (non-teachers) will also be admitted at the same rate. A school paying Rs. 5 can send two delegates. A detailed leaflet about the conference will be shortly issued.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Sept. 16.

October 21.46, December 21.36, January 21.31, Middling Spot 21.87.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Sept. 16.

October 21.48, December 21.37, January 21.29, Middling Spot 21.10.

W. I. A. A. BEAT EMBARKATION

Penalty Goal Decides Issue In W. I. Soccer Championship

The clerk of the weather was in an unsporting mood on Sunday evening when the quarter-final tie between the Embarkation Headquarters, the Senior Harwood League Champions and the W.I.A.A. Staff, the runners-up, was down for decision at the Cooperage. The ground was water-logged in several parts not only before the commencement of the contest but there were showers during the game itself. Brilliant football was therefore out of the question. But what was missed in fineness was more than made up by the exciting incidents which rushed into view from the kick-off to the final whistle.

PROMINENT ABSENTEES

Despite the inclement weather, a big crowd had assembled at the old venue. The Embarkation were rather unfortunate in missing their towering centre-half, Towle, who is still nursing his injuries. The W. I. A. A. was in the same boat in case of Rashad the spearhead of their attack. To make matters worse for them Solomon their reliable full-back was also unable to take the field. So Govind had to take the latter's place while the services of Aziz Allum were requisitioned to deputise for him. Humphreys was however, back in his place and that was some consolation to the W.I.A.A. All the Indian players were booted to suit the occasion.

SPLENDID GOAL-KEEPING

Although the Automobilemen started with ten men, the Embarkation could not take full advantage of it. Sanjiva the W.I.A.A. custodian held the fort courageously throughout. After Allum filled the vacancy, there was a mighty struggle for supremacy between the opposing parties. Both the goals were visited in turns, but neither side could forge ahead. Dunn, the Embarkation goalie was equally brilliant. Perhaps he had more to do than his vis-a-vis, particularly in the second half, and he acquitted himself creditably.

DHAKURAM SCORES

The score board remained blank not only at the interval but long afterwards. It was only towards the close of the contest the winning goal was scored by Dhakuram from the penalty-spot. Referee Hallous was perfectly justified in awarding the penalty kick, as Thomas was tripped and pushed down by Delaney, the Embarkation left-back when the former was racing with the ball towards the latter's goal and was about to shoot. Later on the referee rightly disallowed a goal against the W.I.A.A. as the latter's goalie was kicked when he had not the ball with him. This decision infuriated some of the Servicemen so much that they rushed at the official. One sailor actually carried a chair with him presumably to beat the referee! The Police intervened and the game was resumed. After the match, this sailor made a rush again only to be held up by the Cops. Otherwise the situation might have been worse.

The W.I.A.A. will now meet the B.B.R.C. from Deolali in the second semi-final on Wednesday.

PLEASE NOTE

In response to several enquiries, it is hereby informed that Dr. TANDON (SENIOR), the renowned Homoeopath with 40 years' experience, who treats chronic diseases radically and surgical cases without operation, has his consulting rooms at Babulal Mansion, Chowpatty Seaface, Bombay and nowhere else. Owing to his being out of Bombay for a year and a half for reasons of health, his telephone has been disconnected. He has already applied for a telephone and will get it in due course of time.

Patients who want to consult him, are requested to please see him personally instead of phoning to his son Dr. V. S. Tandon, at Yusuf Building, Fort, Bombay.

Malaria or Fever Victim?

Take

NU-QUININE

(Purely Herbal-Guaranteed Harmless) CERTIFIED BY DOCTORS

Temperature drops to normal with 6 tablets only. One tube for complete cure. Price Rs. 1/12 only.

Available at all popular Chemists. Original certificates from Hospitals, Convents, Factories, etc

Open for Inspection.

Sole Distributors—

BECK'S TRADING CO.

'Phone 23848 7, People's Bldg., Sir P. M. Road, Fort, BOMBAY

WANTED

Distributors and Agents all over India to sell our famous "METRO TALCUM POWDER"

For Terms Apply to:

INDIAN TRADES CORPORATION.

321, Thambu Chetty Street, G.T., MADRAS.

GET RID OF YOUR PILES

Be fit again by using

HAEMOVIN

THE BRITISH SUBSTITUTE FOR HADENSA

Ask your Chemist or Phone 22904

Beauty

THAT WON A KINGDOM

Cleopatra was the eldest daughter of Ptolemy, the king of Egypt. She was only 17 when her father died, who appointed her the heir of the kingdom, in conjunction with her younger brother. A few years later she was expelled from the throne by her guardians. She withdrew into Syria and began to contemplate of reconquering her lost rights. But how to? Use of arms or force was beyond her power and the only weapon she could utilise was her beauty, for her physical charm was fabulous. She succeeded in using this weapon effectively. She charmed Cæzar by her beauty and induced him to take an offensive into Egypt in her favour. Thus by her beauty she won a lost kingdom.

To an ordinary woman today there is hardly any kingdom to win or lose. But her family peace may mean kingdoms to her. And this depends to a great extent on her personal charm. This charm is susceptible to increase and decrease according to the perfumes used. She should therefore carefully distinguish the perfumes of P. M. Bagchi from the harmful ones that pollute the market.

BEAUTY PRODUCTS

VELVET SNOW & CREAM
PUSPASAR HAIR OIL
WHITE ROSE, LILAC
AND OTHER PERFUMES

For Everyday Toilet

P. M. BAGCHI & CO., CALCUTTA

Sole Distributors for Bombay and Madras

BASANT GOKHALE & CO.,

2-16, Western India House

Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

All India Weather

POONA, Sept. 17.

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at 9 hours on 14-9-44.

Allahabad 97 79 0, BOMBAY 90 80 0, Calcutta 95 82 0, Cawnpore 96 79 0, Cuttack 93 76 2.7, Darjeeling 61 53 0.8, Delhi 98 77 0, Dehra Dun 89 71 0, Jacobabad 100 79 0, Karachi 87 80 0, Lahore 100 75 0, Lucknow 95 78 0, Madras 89 78 0, Nagpur 95 75 0.1, Patna 96 nil nil, Peshawar 95 73 0, Shillong 78 58 0, Simla 67 57 0.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Each man's mind is himself. This makes it clear that our happiness depends infinitely less on the circumstances of our lives than upon what we think ourselves.

—Samuel Pepys.

The Bombay Chronicle

QUEBEC TALKS AND INDIA

No reference to India is to be found either in the joint statement issued by President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill on the results of the Quebec Conference or in their separate speeches supplementing that statement. But it is impossible to believe that India did not figure appreciably at the Conference. "Strategic significance and military potentiality of India", said the "Cavalcade" the other day, "is bound to loom large at Quebec and it is difficult to see how Britain's present political relationship with India can be left out. As President Roosevelt's concern is not less than the Premier's for quick and decisive finish to the war in the Far East, he will not be a willing party to any diplomatic silence on the relevant Indian questions." The President has been a party, willing or unwilling, to diplomatic silence on India so far as his public pronouncements on the Conference are concerned. That is presumably on the ground that the big offensive against Japan is still some way off. The time for that, says the President, depends on the date of the fall of Germany, on which he is "not yet ready to put a specific date."

Mr. Churchill has said that "every unit of British naval, land and air forces that could be moved into the Pacific area would be used against Japan, when Germany had been removed as a military power." But will it not be better for all concerned if Britain can enlist more aid in India even before the time when Germany is removed as a military power? Will not such aid be a valuable asset even when that time comes? It may be that the Allies can defeat Japan without more aid from India than they are now getting. But is it not in the interests of world peace and of the Allies themselves to expedite the victory against Japan with the wholehearted aid of free India? We have no doubt conditions like these weigh much with an ally like China, though it may have to be reticent for diplomatic reasons. America can afford to be more plain-spoken about India after making big promises to the world about freedom and democracy. We trust President Roosevelt has duly discharged this moral as well as military responsibility in his talks with Mr. Churchill though he, too, is silent about India. Having been a party to the Atlantic Charter and having later declared that it applied to the whole world, he cannot with dignity let it be flouted with regard to India by the other party to the Charter. On the eve of the Quebec talks an attempt was made in London to show that Mr. Churchill's declaration that the Charter applied only to the countries in Europe conquered by the Axis Powers was misunderstood in its relation to India and that he never meant to exclude India from the operation of the Charter. If so it behoves both Mr. Churchill and President to remove all doubts in the matter. However, much as we desire an amicable settlement with Britain, India's freedom is too valuable an issue to be made to depend wholly or mainly on the mercy of England or any other foreign Power. In the last analysis she has to rely on her own strength and the justice of her cause. Through national unity and infinite capacity for suffering she should prepare herself for the next phase of her struggle.

Planning And National Government

There were many observations made by Sir A. R. Dalal, in his first Press Conference after assuming charge as Member of Government for Planning and Development, which give rise to mixed feelings. Sir Ardeshir has been active in reorganising his Department. That is a welcome indication. Let us hope he is at the same time co-ordinating its general policy. The Government of India does not function, under the present constitution, as a constitutional cabinet, with collective responsibility. Its Members are not obliged, as a matter of constitutional procedure, to consult together and have a common policy of their cabinet as a whole on such vital matters of national life. Each Member works almost independently, and is responsible to his boss, the Governor-General, for his own department. In the conduct even of his own Department, his Secretary is, perhaps, more important than he himself. For the latter has direct access as a matter of right to the head of Government, and can brief him, if necessary, even against his own departmental chief. Under such a procedure, each Department, functioning by itself, is anxious to work out its own machinery for planning for post-war needs, since that is fashionable and impressive. Such attempts inevitably lack co-ordination. Sir Ardeshir's remarks, therefore, about the organisation of his Department, and securing to it transfers of its necessary adjuncts, like the Council of Industrial and Scientific Research, must be regarded as a promising index of the right line of approach as well procedure in this regard.

His observations, however, in regard to the need for a National Government in such matters do not offer the same ground for a sturdy insistence on that consummation which a good nationalist hopes for from a man of Sir Ardeshir's antecedents. We agree with Sir Ardeshir, that there are certain things that only a National Government can do. But we would have liked to know a little more clearly what precise things the Member for Planning puts in that category. In the absence of a more definite statement on that point, we fear we cannot quite see how the very next observation Sir A. Dalal is reported to have made follows from that postulate. No one asks Sir Ardeshir "to stand still" because there is no national Government in India today. But those who think of Planning as a long-term reconstruction of the very basis and the entire working of the national life, must be excused if they would put on record a warning against the creation of new vested interests or giving objectional twists to the line of national development. To take the case Sir Ardeshir himself has instanced, we doubt if no plan is needed for setting up a fertiliser industry in India, since fertilisers mean the very life of Indian agriculture, and agriculture must be admitted to be the backbone as well as fountain-head of any economic planning in India. An industry of such vital necessity and integral importance to national economy cannot be left to a haphazard growth and sporadic development, if there is really to be any meaning in comprehensive, co-ordinated, long-range national planning. And far more objectionable would it be, even as an isolated proposition by itself, if the establishment and working of such a vital industry is left to such foreign vested interests as the Imperial Chemical Industries in India, as is rumoured.

It is precisely the danger of creating or stimulating such foreign vested interests in this land, or giving a wrong turn to the national policy in post-war development, that dictates the imperative necessity of a truly national, popular and responsible Government in India, before planning of our whole national economy can be satisfactorily taken in hand. The present Government may pay verbal homage to the idea of a National Government as a condition precedent to proper planning. Its true aim, however, seems to have been more correctly voiced by Mr. Amery and his colleagues in Parliament, in the recent debate on India, when they put forward the tag of economic development as being more important for the welfare of the Indian masses than constitutional progress or political emancipation. This sophistry had to be categorically challenged by the leading co-signatories of Sir Ardeshir in the so-called Bombay Millowners' Plan. And so it is more than ever surprising and even disquieting why a tried public servant and perspicacious business man, as Sir A. Dalal unquestionably is, should utter such shibboleths and walk into the usual trap of our alien bureaucracy and their foreign wire-pullers, the British capitalist interests.

About the same time that Sir A. R. Dalal was holding his Press Conference, the Governor of the United Provinces was bewailing the absence of proper co-ordination, even in the single matter of transport and communications, as between the Centre and the Provinces. Sir Ardeshir has spoken with evident appreciation of the several provincial plans. He would, however, have made his encomiums much better grounded, if he had, at the same time, indicated the machinery for co-ordination of such provincial activities. Unless such a machinery is devised, there is a great danger of Provincial Plans degenerating into regional rivalries of an uneconomic, if not unhealthy, type. Sir Ardeshir has rightly preferred regional to purely provincial planning, because the existing provinces are arbitrary, *ad hoc* creations of administrative convenience, which have hardly any intrinsic unity within themselves. The very Bombay Government Plan, which Sir Ardeshir holds up as a model, evinces this feature more clearly than perhaps he has realised. If he genuinely desires a true regional development, properly integrated into an all-round national development, he must set about recasting intrinsically unit regions. But that, again is a task which only a National Government can attempt. With all the goodwill for all-round planning Sir Ardeshir no doubt has, he must admit that such tasks are impossible to be handled while a foreign domination lasts. And the same must be said of the problem of Government control over the working of planned economy. Planning without control is a contradiction in terms. Sir Ardeshir appears to have realised this inevitable tendency of the post-war age, though we doubt if his promise of a socialistic trend in his plan was anything more than mere polite platitude. His faith in the superior management under private enterprise is touching and pathetic, but not contagious. But the fundamental problem of proper supervision, control and direction of planned industry and agriculture, commerce and its accessories, utilities, amenities and services, cannot be taken in hand in the absence of a really popular, responsible national Government. And without an efficient machinery of such control, planning would be only patchwork.

Far East War Plans

At their joint Press Conference after the Roosevelt-Churchill talks, the President said that "the outstanding feature of the (Quebec) Conference was that it had taken less time, produced less argument and brought complete unanimity faster than any which he and Mr. Churchill had ever conducted." It is true but is not altogether an unexpected surprise. Trouble could mainly have arisen if the British in actual fact, had been unwilling to take an adequate share in the war against Japan. As we pointed out some days ago, it was of vital importance particularly for a Churchill-led Britain to be a very substantial partner in the alliance for beating the Japs: Imperial prestige and interests were and are at stake in the Far East. Nor was there any difficulty in disposing of the problem of a Supreme Command. For, apart from political complications, the President was convincingly right when he pointed out that distances made it physically impossible for one man to conduct the entire operations against Japan.

But one difficulty remains outstanding unless it, too, has been amicably solved but the solution has been kept a secret. That difficulty relates to the position of General Stilwell in the South-East Asia Command. He is in charge of all American forces in the India, Burma and China theatre. He is also under the command of Admiral Mountbatten in a theatre comprising India, Burma, Malaya, Ceylon and probably part of the Netherlands East Indies, that is the "South-East Asia Command." Stilwell's is a confusingly dual position, and it is also persistently reported that he and Admiral Mountbatten have not found themselves able to pull on smoothly together. Moreover, the same objections apply to a single command from Sumatra to southern China as to one from New Zealand to the Aleutians. Unless, therefore, some solution has been found to the present unsatisfactory relation between Admiral Mountbatten and General Stilwell a serious difficulty has remained outstanding. One word more in connection with the President-Premier statement on the war against Japan. Decisions, it says, were reached "both with regard to the completion of the war in Europe . . . and the destruction of the barbarians of the Pacific". This is the second time that a pointed distinction has been made between the German and Japanese enemies. The first time Mr. Churchill thought fit to denounce Japan as that presumptuous Oriental Power, this time the Japs are denounced as barbarians. We know why Mr. Churchill abominates the Oriental enemy more than the latter's Occidental ally. But we did not somehow expect Mr. Roosevelt to associate himself with Mr. Churchill's sense of western and white superiority.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Quebec And Russia

The Roosevelt-Churchill statement refers to the war in Europe, too, and announces that all aspects of it were discussed and that decisions were reached with regard to its completion. More than this they probably could not have said but it may be taken for granted that they did discuss and plan the next steps after Germany's defeat. The claim that the conference was held "in a blaze of unity" is, therefore an encouraging assurance of Anglo-American solidarity. But is it solidarity with or *vis-a-vis* Russia? For, the future of Europe pre-eminently rests on an amicable understanding between America, Britain and Russia. Let us hope that it will be forthcoming. Incidentally, what took Mr. Anthony Eden post-haste to Quebec and is now bringing Mr. Churchill post-haste to London? Can it really be a German offer of capitulation?

Germans In Finland

So the Germans propose to stay in Finland and fight. This was not an entirely unforeseen result of the Finnish demand that they should quit, although at one stage, it appeared that the German High Command was willing to prefer discretion to defiance. It may be that the Germans have chosen a better course for them, hoping to protect the sea flank of their Baltic armies and denying the Russians a passage from the north to Norway. But they cannot stop the Russians long. The only result of the German defiance will be a repetition of the events in Rumania. But there is no doubt that Finland which tried to avoid further miseries will have to continue to suffer for sometime longer.

Bombay Women's Flood Relief Committee

Lady Rama Rau, President of the Bombay Women's Flood Relief Committee, writes to say that the representatives of the Committee, sent out into the affected areas in the province to get first-hand knowledge about the needs of the sufferers, have brought "harrowing accounts" of what they said and that relief on a large scale is urgently necessary. It is true that just at present there are many calls on the Bombay citizens' purses. But no call is more imperative or more urgent than that from the flood stricken areas in the province. We wholeheartedly endorse the appeal of the Committee for funds, medicines and clothes. Contributions may be sent to Lady Rama Rau ("North End", Carmaichael Road, Cumballa Hill Bombay) or to Miss Kapila Khandwala (c/o Schools Committee's office, Gilder Tank Buildings, Grant Road) and clothes may be sent to Miss B. A. Engineer (Seva Sadan Gamdevi, Bombay 7). Medicines also may be sent to Miss Khandwala.

"Let Us Win The Peace"

In a little book of fifty pages bearing this title (published by Popular Book Depot, Bombay, price Re. 1-8) Mr. N. B. Parulekar makes out a strong case for the pursuit of peace, not through "wars to end wars", which often sow seeds of fresh wars, but through the Gandhian method of Non-violence and Truth. But what precisely is to be done by way of following this method? The author replies: "Our one aim for the present should be to compel all those who are engaged in violence and destruction to stop it." But how? The author says: "This we can do by creating a will among larger and larger number of people not only of this country, but of the whole world to demand cessation of such violence and destruction.....Let every one of us bear in mind that he has got to perform the duty of creating such a will among at least 10 persons immediately around him. Let each of these 10 persons undertake to convert 10 more persons, and so on." In practice the thing may not be as simple as that. But nevertheless every Indian who is convinced of the soundness of Gandhiji's philosophy owes it to Gandhiji and humanity to live, in his own person, up to the ideals of truth and non-violence to the best of his ability and help to spread Gandhian literature as far as possible.

GANDHI REPRESENTS INDIA'S SOUL

Carl Heath's Warning To Britishers

LONDON.

Concern that in the face of the terrors and devastations of the second world war Mr. Gandhi's late judgment or misjudgment of his country's political realities has lent itself to widespread misrepresentations and "defamation of a noble and prophetic personality" has inspired a new study of Mr. Gandhi by Mr. Carl Heath. The author, a former Secretary of the Friends Service Council, was responsible for Quaker missionary work in India and has made a close study of the Indian political situation.

Reviewing the Indian political scene since the war began, Mr. Heath declares: "Mr. Gandhi expresses in so great a measure the soul of India that wise or unwise as some of his reactions to the British proposals and deeds may be, Indian leaders always come back to him. That is a vital factor of the situation. For, although on the immediate issue they may not agree with him, and may resent a sagacity saturated with moral and religious principle and an outlook on life, they are not prepared for, they know he is the soul of India and they cannot do without him. That he is a 'spent-force' is a foolish British notion. And Mr. Gandhi, from his standpoint, seeing as he does life in a whole and integrated way, cannot cease to take part in the political issues that confront his country. But in consequence, he is disturbing the moral conscience and one, moreover, that will never act as an ordinary politician.

ATTITUDE TO WAR

Rebutting the possibility that Mr. Gandhi is "playing fast and loose with the Japanese", the author points out that Mr. Gandhi's way of meeting and treating Japanese violence and cruelty can never be that of the Christian military powers, and adds, "We must recognise that for the Indian struggling for national freedom, war, vast as it is, in one sense incidental. When it is over, the same situation will be there unless present wisdom finds a prior solution. In the meantime, Britain has to face in India utter distrust of all her intentions. And the burning need in Mr. Gandhi's soul is, all the time, for India's freedom now. But this freedom is to him no mere severance of the political bond, though that is an essential part of the picture. India's freedom means the advance of India into a new life when all things must undergo a transformation, and war and the whole method of war and exploitation and all forms of human oppression of man by man and nation by nation must cease. This is the world of truth and ahimsa that he invites his people to enter."

The Viceroy-Gandhi correspondence of 1942-43, the author considers, has no counterpart in modern history and will become historic. "It should be read carefully and with much sympathy. For the writers are both religious men and each as the correspondence develops makes a strong case. Both exercise restraint and patience."

Considering the immediate requirements towards the solution of the Indian problem, the author suggests that the situation be first re-imagined by changing places mentally with Indian nationalists. "The next step is the promotion of free consultation. It is worse than useless to repeat that Indian leaders must first find unity when quite definite steps were taken to prevent Mr. Gandhi communicating with his colleagues in prison and these with any outside leaders, Congress, Muslim, Christian or otherwise. The next step in the transforming act would be for the Viceroy to call all leaders together to meet him. Would they come? Yes, if they knew his determination to solve the problem now and move forward on the basis of the conclusions reached.

"Lord Wavell has done the right and commanding thing in showing at once as the new Viceroy his concern over India's poverty. But that, like other problems, cannot be solved, whilst political tension has left an open sore and the Imperial Government refuses to make any further effort towards peace."

The author concluding asks, "Is India to look to the west with continued friendship or will she turn in her popular movement with bitterness of heart to a strong combination with renascent China and a new Japan? The days are fateful and our imperialists are sowing a dangerous seed."—Reuter.

CAWNPORE.—The Sugar Technologists Association has decided to nominate Sir T. S. Venkatraman as its representative on the Indian Central Sugarcane Committee of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research.—A.P.

India's Pressing Problems

Questions Of National Defence And Redistribution Of Population

(By SHAMSUD-DEEN, KENYA COLONY)

While the Gandhi-Jinnah talks are a step in the right direction and it is also a sound suggestion to suspend all controversy likely to prejudice these discussions, it should be the inherent right of every citizen whose birthrights are going to be deliberated upon, to put forward suggestions to be considered.

There are a certain number of political organizations in India with larger or smaller memberships, but there are millions who are not affliated with these organizations and millions who have not the remotest idea of these bodies and yet the future of all individuals and their posterity is likely to be affected by these deliberations ultimately.

I, as one of such humble individuals, ask permission to put the following points and suggestions for consideration:

DEFENCE OF INDIA

India is a sub-continent which has been the hunting ground of invaders from pre-historic days—especially during the last thousand years.

The time has now arrived when a halt should be called. The limit has been reached. A new page in history should be turned in the light of bitter experience of the past history and all possibilities of any future invasion should be put to a stop. This can only be done by arming India not only by a National Army, Navy and Air Force, but by keeping ready to make full use of any new form of armaments and inventions. If a miserable lot of people like the Japanese can put up such formidable machinery of attack, there is no reason whatsoever why India in course of time should not lead the world in this direction. But at least a 10-year continuously steady programme of armament will be necessary, for which the direction of some European people will be required not as masters but as paid teachers. Time may come when the present form of armaments, which are entirely founded on the principle of explosives, might be considered hopelessly primitive when the world learns how to manipulate and harness the tremendous heat of the sun by means of which half the world could probably be annihilated in a few minutes by merely turning on a button as in the case of a Wireless Apparatus.

QUESTION OF VIOLENCE

It is perfectly true that violence in any shape or form is a brutal method of argument probably known as "Argumentum Baculinum", but when you are dealing with or surrounded by wild brutes you have to use the brutal force to save yourself. The natural sense of self-preservation dictates this and there is a world of truth in the saying that "while a prolonged War annihilates armies, a prolonged peace degenerates Nations." India is proof of the truth of this saying. India to-day is hopelessly disintegrated, emasculated and degenerated, while some people will insist upon calling it as a "United Nation." A greater untruth than this was never deliberately uttered with impudence.

While we have an endless series of our grievances against the British, we cannot help being grateful to them for having saved India so far, from a Japanese invasion, although they have not done this for altruistic or humanitarian purposes, but it is always easier to deal with the devil you know rather than the one you do not know.

If Defence of India is not given the first place in any future plan the position of this country will be that of a lamb surrounded by wolves not only around it but even within its fold.

FUTURE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

In order to turn an entirely new page in the history of India, it is 'sine qua non' to forget the past history and the use of the word "Motherland" of any particular section. India can only be claimed as the Motherland by Dravidians and the aboriginals.

We must take cognizance of facts as they are to-day and must deal with the people who constitute the population of this country.

For this purpose, the first step to be taken without delay is to decide upon an active policy of the Restriction of Immigration. Henceforth no son of a gun, whether of white, red, yellow, black or blue colour, of any religion or race whatsoever should be allowed to enter India. The inhabitants of the world at large have closed their doors to Indians. Why should India's door remain open to all and sundry?

This War will leave behind it a legacy of thousands of foreigners in India, but this country can no longer be the Eldorado of all ambitious adventurers of the world.

REDISTRIBUTION OF POPULATIONS

With regard to the present population of India, it is obvious that for a peaceful India, a thorough geographical reorganization and re-alignment will have to take place. Such resurveying would be no more vivisecting India than dividing a large city into wards and boroughs or building separate houses for the members of a large family, having wives and children, instead of one large uncontrollable heterogeneous crowd resembling a pig-sty rather than a human habitation.

India of the present day is a veritable hell on earth. It could easily be turned into a paradise if people were simply honest and abandoned their ideas of cleverness, diplomacies and gaining victories over one another and dreaming of the past histories of their rule over India. If we wish to march ahead we must look ahead, and not keep looking behind.

The principle of self-determination has been described as a clever trick of the British to keep India divided, but the idea is not at all new. A paradise has been visualised and described by people many centuries ago as being the place where there should be no discomfort or pain and where no one should have anything to do or interfere with the others.

With this object in view, there should be a place in the new scheme for everyone. Hindus, Muslims (if necessary separately for Shia and Sunnis) Sikhs, Scheduled Classes, Anglo-Indians and all others who are in reasonably large numbers and wish to live separately.

In addition to all these divisions there must be neutral zones where every facility should exist, where all these people who are not homogeneously assimilated in other zones could shift themselves, if they so desired, within a period of say 10 years. Otherwise small minorities may be tyrannised by majorities. There may, of course, be tyrannies of majorities and minorities for some time, but these cannot last for all times.

FUTURE OF PRINCES

It should be realised and agreed to by all concerned that the Indian Princes have had a long run of their good time on the strength of what can be described as hopelessly obselete and ancient scraps of paper given to them to rule humanity by brutal methods. The grantors of these famous treaties have themselves realised that the time has now come when they should gracefully relinquish their hold on the whole of India. It would be foolish on their part to linger on and cling to the tender and overworn thread from which they derived their authority; otherwise they would obviously be heading for a disaster worse than was the fate of Tsardom.

Finally, throughout the proposed deliberations the gentlemen concerned should not be influenced by the stupid utterances of Mr. Amery, who like a bad workman looks for his guidance precedents in history for everything. To do so would be as ridiculous as if the inventors of all the new contrivances such as aeroplanes and tanks looked for some guide in the past history of making bullock carts.

And let them not forget that there are Indians abroad who, owing to these mad quarrels of people at home, are being subjected to humiliations which cannot be imagined or understood in India. The reason for such insults is that India is merely a non-existent country in the eyes of the world.

RELIEF FOR WAR SUFFERERS

U. N. R. R. A. Conference Programme

MONTREAL, Sept. 17.

The South African Minister to Washington and head of the South African Delegation to the U.N.R.R.A. Conference was elected Chairman of the Nominations Committee on Saturday. The Committee will nominate the Chairman and three Vice-Chairmen of the Conference.

The First United Nations' Conference to meet on British soil opened here today to discuss the U.N.R.R.A.'s programme to alleviate the sufferings of the hundreds of millions of victims of wartorn Europe and Asia. It will also plan the return to their homes of several millions of Nazi-made slaves now working in forced labour camps in Germany.

This plenary session of the Conference of representatives of U.N.R.R.A.'s 44 member Governments was delayed until to-day by the hurricane which held up the special train bringing several hundred representatives of the Conference from Washington.

Mr. Herbert H. Lehman, Director-General of the U.N.R.R.A., opening the Conference said, "The practical work of relief is at hand. Emancipation marches swiftly. Our energies day by day are concentrated more exclusively on the final stages of preparation for the task of relief and rehabilitation."

Mr. Lehman hailed "the news of further military advances, lifting the yoke of Axis tyranny from citizens of the United Nations."—Reuter.

MORE LIGHT ON LUBLIN CAMP

Over A Million Persons Put To Death In Four Years

LONDON, Sept. 17: The Moscow radio yesterday quoted a report of the Polish-Soviet Commission investigating facts about the extermination camp at Lublin. It said that hundreds of thousands of persons were brought to this and other camps from France, Belgium, Holland, Denmark, Czechoslovakia, Greece and Norway to be exterminated. During four years of the Lublin camp's existence, between one million and a million and a half were put to death.—Reuter.

Enrolment Of Congress Members

Mr. S. K. Patil heralded his release from detention with a lengthy statement in the press that 'normal activities' of the Congress will now be restored in the city. With the Congress House under police occupation and the District Congress Committees gone into voluntary liquidation—thanks to the organising genius that guided them before August 1942—I was intrigued at the announcement and have been awaiting news of the re-opening of the Congress offices. All of a sudden I read in Saturday morning papers that Monday, September 18, will be observed as the 'Congress Membership Enrolment Day'. Such of the Congressmen as myself who have in the past devoted themselves to all items of Congress work are, however, at a loss to understand how enrolment would be made, where one could get the membership books, who issues them and what authority is functioning. Or is it that restoration of 'normal activities' is only symbolical and is confined to the select coterie?

O. K. N.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

Referring to the United States desire to bear the burden of fighting in the Pacific, Mr. Churchill said: "They cannot have all the fun."—After President Roosevelt had declared that the British Empire was, of course, looking forward to participation, Mr. Churchill said: "We will be in on the death with forces proportionate to our national strength.

—Quebec Report.

* * *

Local Press report: "At the outset the speaker observed that he was in Bombay on business which he should not disturb by talking.'"

That was "C. R." talking to an audience at the University Convocation Hall.

* * *

Great interest was on Saturday roused at Birla House, says a Press report, by the visit of Rao Bahadur Mohanlal Desai, Superintendent of the C. I. D. and Inspector Kothari to Mahatma Gandhi.

Since no one had said anything about the object of the visit it has not yet been ascertained whether the C. I. D. Officers demanded, under the Defence of India Rules and for the Defence of India, a statement by Mahatma Gandhi on his talks with Mr. M. A. Jinnah, their objective and, in fact, a near-verbatim report of them.

* * *

A contemporary reports sensational rumours in London to the effect that Mr. Amery would be visiting India incognito.

There is, however, no suggestion yet that he would do so in the character of a Gorakhpur 'bhayya' making his rounds of Malabar Hill with his typical stuff technically called milk.

* * *

After making an energetic investigational tour of India, Sir Henry French, the British Food Expert, has made the staggering discovery that "no solution of India's food problem was possible without proper movement of supplies from surplus to deficit areas."

And no solution of proper movement of supplies is possible without proper transport arrangement.

And, finally, no solution of proper transport arrangement is possible without a proper—yes, quite right.

Therefore, let us thank Sir Henry French for his trouble and forget for the time being all about proper solutions.

* * *

A British official at Quebec is reported semi-officially to have stated that Mr. Churchill was hurrying back to London.

What is calling? The German Rhine or the Soviet reason?

* * *

An Air Ministry geographical expert says: "Kiel is of great importance to the Germans at the present time since they are trying to bring back the troops marooned in Finland and elsewhere."

In which case, "everywhere" should obviously mean the Balkans and the Aegian islands.

* * *

"Oh, doctor," cried the lady, in great distress, "My husband's nerves are all disordered. What can I do about it?"

"Travel, both of you", said the doctor.

"Where do you recommend?"

"Two different directions."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

When jealousy gets busy love takes a vacation.

*

The successful manicurist has plenty of business on hand.

*

When the young man courts an heiress he thinks his fortune is made.

*

A woman's long tongue is often responsible for her shortness of breath.

*

Even the man who admits that he caught only one fish may lie about its weight.

*

A man knows just what he would do in case of an emergency—so long as the emergency fails to show up.

CAWNPORE'S QUOTA

CAWNPORE, Sept. 17: Collections in Cawnpore for the Kasturba National Memorial Fund now amount to 4,020.25-14-6.

R

RENEWAL OF RATION CARDS IN F (South), F (North) & G (South) WARDS

The work of renewing the current ration cards by pasting slips over them will be done during the current week at the shops mentioned below in F (South), F (North) and G. (South) Wards.

Those whose cards are registered at any of the shops should send all the cards of the household on the usual day during the week when they normally draw their rations and get them renewed. Cards should be got renewed even if no rations are drawn during the week.

RATIONS WILL NOT BE ALLOWED TO BE DRAWN ON UNRENEWED CARDS DURING SUBSEQUENT WEEKS.

The hours for renewal and also for issue of rations at the ration shops concerned during this week will be 8-30 a.m. to 11-30 a.m. and 3 p.m. to 7 p.m. and at the Government Grain Shops 8 a.m. to 12 noon and 2 p.m. to 6 p.m.

F (SOUTH) WARD.

Ration Shops Nos: 206, 242, 245, 261 263, 264, 266, 267, 268, 275, 276, 277, 278, 367, 409, 417, 435 459, 514, 519, 545.

Communal Store No.: 32.

Government Grain Shops Nos.: 13, 21, 49, 64.89, 91, 146, 183, 196.

F (NORTH) WARD.

Ration Shops Nos: 207, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 280, 364, 365, 366, 387, 418, 440, 449, 542.

Government Grain Shops Nos.: 12, 14, 17, 30, 46, 47, 56, 79, 84, 103, 108, 138, 149, 158, 191, 237.

Co-operative Societies Nos.: 6, 8, 23, 31.

Communal Stores Nos.: 19, 24, 26, 33, 34, 60, 64, 70.

G (SOUTH) WARD.

Ration Shops Nos.: 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 312, 313, 315, 341, 406, 415, 427, 438, 465, 484, 504, 531.

Government Grain Shops Nos.: 196.

It is Safe and Lucrative to Bank with

BHARATI CENTRAL BANK

LTD.

One of the Leading Banks in India

Gram:— Payment | Head Office:— 15, Clive Street, Calcutta. | Phone: Cal. 2546

WORKING CAPITAL

Exceeds over

Rs. 80,00,000 (Lacs)

36

Branches have been working in seven Provinces of India on higher Banking Principles

Managing Director: Mr. N. C. DATTA, M.A., B.L.

STAFFADS' Butter

for quality
*Pure & Fresh
*Hygienically made
*Best Body builder
*Unsurpassed

STAFFAD & CO., LTD.,

Manufacturers of The Finest Table Butter, Cheese and Casein
9, Forjett Hill, BOMBAY 26 'Phone: 41942

WILLS'S

CAPSTAN

NAVY CUT MEDIUM

TOBACCO

Rs. 2/12/-

per 4 oz. tin

plus tax where local or provincial taxation is in force

Do not pay more

CAP—179

Soviet Terms To Finland

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 17: According to a usually reliable source in touch with Moscow, the Soviet conditions for armistice with Finland are:

Return to the 1940 frontier and payment by Finland of 300 million dollars as reparations.

Finland must, in addition, give the Soviet Union strategic islands in the Gulf of Finland guarding the approaches to Kronstadt and Leningrad. The Russians were also said to claim the island also demand the use of aerodromes in Southern Finland until the Germans are driven from Estonia. The Russians also require the establishment of a political situation in Finland ensuring cordial relations between the two countries. The question of the Red Army's entry into Finland is to be settled as future developments of Finnish-German relations and movements of German forces in Finland require.

German C.-In-C. Will Fight For Nickel Mines And Baltic Naval Bases

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 16: Helsinki correspondents and commentators now believe that Gen. Rothar Rendulic, the German Commander-in-Chief, Finland, will fight for the nickel mines of Pethamo in the north and for Finnish naval bases in the south, to prevent the Russian Fleet coming out of the Baltic and cutting his escape route.

Rendulic made certain token withdrawals of his forces some of which have now gone to Norway, but these moves are believed to have been designed to disguise his real intention of making his last stand in Finland.—

PAPEN'S EQUIPMENT FOR PEACE PARLEYS?

LONDON, (By Cable): Two lorries and three cars full of Hitler "blitzmadchen" have arrived at the German Embassy in Madrid, cables the "Daily Express" Lisbon correspondent. They brought, to a total of 132, the number of girl clerks who will serve Papen if he takes over control of the Embassy with instructions to talk peace with the Allies.

Zanzibar Indians Wish Success To Mahatma

(From A Correspondent)

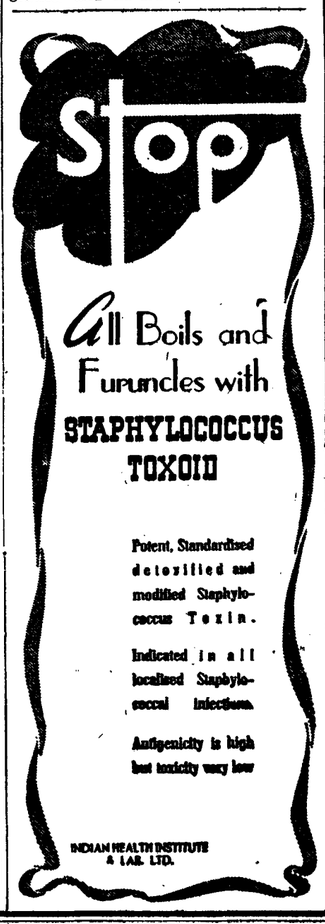
ZANZIBAR, Sept. 15.

Zanzibar Indians in a mass meeting celebrated Gandhiji's birthday and prayed for long life and success in negotiations with Mr. Jinnah thus realizing India's freedom.

Shridhrani's Prediction

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16: On the eve of his departure for New York, the well-known Indian author and lecturer Dr. Krishalar Shridhrani prophesied that India would have independence in three years and that freedom would come without bloodshed. He had great hopes that Muslim and Hindu leaders would unite for free and independent nation. If they do independence is sure." "If not it will come with or without civil revolution."

Dr. Shridhrani is anxious that the United States place the Indian in the same class as China regarding immigration and naturalisation.—Reuter.


Stop
All Boils and Furuncles with
STAPHYLOCOCCUS TOXOID
Potent, Standardised detoxified and modified Staphylococcus Toxin.
Indicated in all localised Staphylococcal infections.
Antigenicity is high but toxicity very low
INDIAN HEALTH INSTITUTE & LAB. LTD.

SARDUL SINGH CAVEESHER

Trouble About Interview In Jail

(From Our Correspondent)

LAHORE, (By Mail).

New restrictions have been imposed on interviews of Sardar Sardul Singh Caveesher, a prominent Congress leader of the Punjab who at present is detained in subjail Dharmasala.

In the first week of September the daughter of Sardar Sahib Kumari Krishna Caveesher informed her father that she along with her brother was coming for interview. The same day they were informed by Sardar Sahib that they should not come for interview unless they got previous sanction of the Government. Under the Punjab Security Prisoners Rules, the blood relatives are entitled to interview a security prisoner twice a month in the presence and hearing of the C.I.D. officer and no previous sanction was required and moreover since his arrest in 1942 his children have been interviewing him according to Rules uptil August, 1944.

A request was made to the Deputy Superintendent Jail, Dharmasala, that the children of Sardarji were coming for interview on September 11 but the jail authorities returned the original application with the remarks that interviews with Sardar Sardul Singh Caveesher could not be allowed without the sanction of the Government and they were asked to submit an application for an interview.

WHAT FORD WANTS HIS WORKERS TO HAVE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17: Henry Ford announced today that he intends to raise the wages of Ford Motor Company employees, "as soon as Government will permit me. As long as I live I want to pay the highest wages in the automobile business. EVERY MAN SHOULD MAKE ENOUGH MONEY TO OWN A HOME, A PIECE OF LAND AND A CAR."—Reuter.

Suspension Period Of War Correspondents Reduced

S.H.A.E.F., Sept. 17: The suspension of the six war correspondents who broadcast from Paris on August 25 without submitting stories to censorship has been reduced from 60 days to 30, it is announced here tonight.

The announcement said that certain extenuating circumstances were taken into account—the abnormal situation which these correspondents found themselves in including street fighting, which prevented the immediate movement to the hotel where Press headquarters, including censorship, were in the process of establishment, ready offer by the radio station involved and the fact that the material broadcast contained no breach of security.

The correspondents are Paul Manning and Seagham John Maynes of Reuters, James Machginlly and Larry Leusseer of Colombia Broadcasting System, Robin Duff and Howard Marshall.

Laval's Daughter Arrested

LONDON, Sept. 12: Countess de Chambrun, daughter of Pierre Laval, has been arrested in Paris, cables William Forrest, the "News Chronicle" war correspondent in Paris. Her husband, Count de Chambrun, son of the former French Ambassador in Rome, has also been arrested.

Their names appear on the new list of arrests issued by the Ministry of Interior which also includes Hubert Lagerdelle, former Vichy Minister, Felix Amiot, aircraft builder and Alice Cocea, director of the "Ambassadeurs Theatre."

AGA KHAN'S COLT WINS ST. LEGER

LONDON, Sept. 16.

Beautifully ridden by the champion jockey, Gordon Richards, the Aga Khan's colt, Teheran, son of the 1938 Derby winner, Bois Roussel, easily won the St. Leger, the last of this season's British classics, over a mile and three-quarters, here, this afternoon.

The race resulted as follows:—

TEHERAN (The Aga Khan) Gordon Richards 1
BOREALIS (Lord Derby) Harry Wragg 2
OCEAN SWELL (Lord Rosebery) Ephraim Smith 3

Won by 1½ lengths, 1 length separated the second and third horses. Time.—3 minutes, 6 1/5 seconds.

Also ran:—Fairglint (D. Smith), Triona (A. Wragg), Causeway (W. Pearson), Hunsingore (Sammy Wragg), Happy Landing (T. Lowrey) Hyder Ali (Cliff Richards), Orestes (T. H. Carey), Renwood (C. Jarvis), Redfife (C. Elliot), Glide Away (M. Beary), Growing Confidence (K. Mullins), Monsoon (P. Maher), Model (R.A. Jones) and Hycilla (G. Bridgland).

Betting:—9 to 2 Teheran; 11 to 2 Borealis; and 11 to 2 Ocean Swell.

Teheran is actually owned by Prince Aly Khan, but his father leased the horse and it was in his (Aga Khan's) name and colours that the colt won.

AGA KHAN'S GESTURE

The Indian Army Comforts Fund benefits by Teheran's St. Leger win by £5,467-10-0, as the Aga Khan had decided at the start of the war to give all his English race winnings to the Fund.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 16: Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit left for Allahabad today. After a stay of a few weeks at Allahabad, Mrs. Pandit hopes to undertake a tour of Malabar.—A. P.

LEAGUERS VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN!

Allahabad Municipal Board Meeting

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 16.

The Allahabad Municipal Board at its meeting held to-day passed a resolution electing Mr. Kripanarain as Executive Officer of the Board by 19 to 13 votes. An amendment proposing the election of Shafi Ahmed Kidwai (Congressman) was defeated by 17 to 13 votes.

Under instruction from Government the Public Service Commission of United Provinces had recommended these two names to the Board out of which one had to be elected by the Board. While the Muslim League members of the Board voted for Mr. Shafi Ahmed Kidwai, Congress members remained neutral.

Mr. Kripanarain is at present working as Executive Officer of Meerut Municipal Board while Mr. Shafi Ahmed Kidwai who is related to Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai ex-Congress Minister is a well-known Congressman and has been to jail. He was Tax Superintendent of Allahabad Municipal Board some years ago and is now Executive Officer of Dehra Dun Municipal Board.

INDIA NEEDS FOOD IMPORTS

U. K. Minister's Tour Impressions

LAHORE, Sept. 16.

Sir Henry French, Permanent Secretary of the United Kingdom Ministry of Food, addressing a Press Conference in Lahore to-day, on the conclusion of his five-week tour in India, said that no solution of India's food problem was possible without proper movement of supplies from surplus to deficit areas.

"It must be clear to all of you that the people of India cannot be adequately fed unless the surplus areas make a contribution, at the cost of even some sacrifices, to feed the deficit areas", he said.

Sir Henry expressed the view that he had not the lightest doubt in his mind that India would need a fair share of world's food supplies. Imports were already coming into India, he pointed out.

Asked whether he would recommend to His Majesty's Government in London to rush more food supplies to India Sir Henry French remarked, "I am not going to tell you."—A. P.

'Air Letter' Service For Civilians

NEW DELHI, Sept. 16: With effect from August 24, 1944, a new "airletter" service for civilians has been introduced from the U.K. at a flat postage rate of 6d., per air letter, says a press communique. These air letters are written on special forms which are extremely light in weight. It is, therefore, possible to give them air transmission throughout.

The question of introducing a similar service from India is under the active consideration of the Government of India, and necessary arrangements are being made to introduce the service at as early a date as possible.—A. P.

Delhi Reception To Kerala Poet

NEW DELHI, Sept. 16: The Kerala Club, New Delhi, accorded a reception this evening to Poet Vallathol, famous exponent of "Kathakali," Sardar K. M. Panikkar, Prime Minister of Bikaner, presided.

Woes Of Surat District

Mr. R. C. Desai, Secretary, Surat District Flood Relief Committee writes:—

I believe a large number of readers of your esteemed journal have already heard of read about the catastrophe that has befallen a section of poor people of Surat city and specially of the surrounding villages, on account of recent floods. Harrowing tales of misery and poverty are pouring in from villages. While both the Government and the philanthrophic people of Surat are doing what they can, the extent of damage done to areable lands is so great that help from outside of Surat will be most opportune, and appreciated. It is absolutely necessary that the unfortunate peasantry who have lost their all in this devastating flood should be helped to enable them to restart cultivation of their lands. In doing so we, the urban population, will be helping ourselves because these are the people who grow food for us. To give this a practical shape at the initiation of the Rotary Club of Surat, a Committee of leading citizens was formed last week known as the Surat District Flood Relief Committee, to collect funds and render help to the needy on the spot.

The Committee has already been able to secure the co-operation of some local institutions, such as, the Lal Bavta Mandal and Hindu Milan Mandir, who have bands of well-trained workers and were already busy working on the spot.

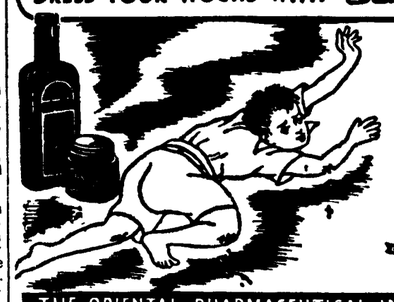
May I, on behalf of the Committee, appeal to the readers of your esteemed journal to send whatever help they can!

Cheques may be sent in the name of Surat District Flood Relief Committee and addressed to the Hon Secretary of the Committee, c/o. the "Gujerat" Office, Kanpith, Surat.

TOLL OF ATLANTIC HURRICANE

NEW YORK, Sept. 16: The Hurricane which swept the Atlantic coast of the United States on Friday resulted in an estimated death roll of 39. The damage is estimated at 50 million dollars.—Reuter.

DRESS YOUR WOUND WITH DISFECTOPIL



AN IDEAL DISINFECTANT

Strongly recommended by doctors in the treatment of pain and infections associated with minor cuts, burns, and abrasions

AVAILABLE IN LOTION AND JELLY.

THE ORIENTAL PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES, LIMITED

FACTORY:- MAHIM, CITY OFFICE:- 45/47, APOLLO ST, FORT, BOMBAY.

MANAGING AGENTS:- VASANTLAL KANTILAL & CO., LIMITED.

OPIL DEPOT: (WHOLESALE), FORT, MEHTA BUILDING, MEDOWS ST., PHONE: 32803

OPIL DEPOT: (RETAIL), PRINCESS STREET, CHAMPSEY BUILDING, BOMBAY, 2.

OPIL DEPOT: LAXMI ROAD POONA, BARODA, KARACHI, DELHI.
Mysore Agents: BANGALORE MEDICAL HALL, Avenue Road Bangalore City
Madras Agents: Vijaya Corporation 117, Armenian Street, Madras.

LIVERID THE BEST LIVER TONIC

for Enlarged, Congested and Sluggish Liver, Jaundice, Constipation, Cirrhosis, Dysentery and all Gastric troubles.

SMITH STANISTREET & CO. LTD.

CALCUTTA · BOMBAY · MADRAS · LUCKNOW · AMRITSAR · KARACHI

S.S.L.167

THE

INDIAN OVERSEAS BANK, LTD.

Paid-up Capital and Reserves Rs. 33,98,920-0-0

Head Office: MADRAS.

Branches at

Alleppey	Cannanore	Madura
Bombay	Coimbatore	Negapatam
Bangalore	Devakottah	Pudukottah
Calicut	Karaikudi	Salem

Sivaganga & Kivalur.

London & New York Agents:

THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TRANSACTED.

Bombay Offices:
Patel House, Churchgate Street, Fort.
'Phone: 23663

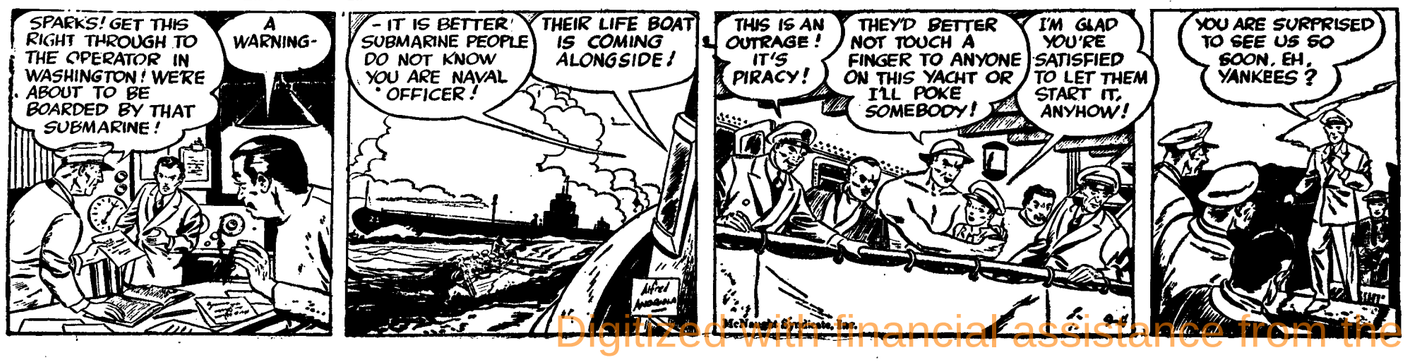
Just as the Kohinoor Diamond has no equal so you will find KOHINOOR Sewing Threads, Kite and Fishing Twines are Unsurpassed for their quality.

kohinoor

Enquiries to:—
Nahalchand Laloochand
Baria Bldg. Pydhownie BOMBAY
Sadar Bazar, DELHI.

D12

CHARLIE CHAN — Character Created by Earl Derr Biggers — EARLY BIRD — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA


SPARKS! GET THIS RIGHT THROUGH TO THE OPERATOR IN WASHINGTON! WE'RE ABOUT TO BE BOARDED BY THAT SUBMARINE!
A WARNING-
- IT IS BETTER SUBMARINE PEOPLE DO NOT KNOW YOU ARE NAVAL OFFICER!
THEIR LIFE BOAT IS COMING ALONGSIDE!
THIS IS AN OUTRAGE! IT'S PIRACY!
THEY'D BETTER NOT TOUCH A FINGER TO ANYONE ON THIS YACHT OR I'LL POKE SOMEBODY!
I'M GLAD YOU'RE SATISFIED TO LET THEM START IT, ANYHOW!
YOU ARE SURPRISED TO SEE US SO SOON, EH, YANKEES?
Alfred Andriola
McNaught Syndicate, Inc.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD
MINIMUM RS 1/8/-
To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Competent Experienced Stenographer and two Clerks. Apply Box No. 6066, "Bombay Chronicle."

Young matriculates required by a Scheduled Bank in Bombay. Jobs permanent with Provident Fund benefits but candidates taken on six months' probation on a consolidated salary of Rs. 50 and on confirmation Rs. 64/3/100. Cash security of Rs. 500 essential. Previous experience not necessary. Please apply Box No. 6065, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced Sales Manager with long standing experience in Drugs, Chemicals and Surgical Trade. State experience and salary expected. Apply Box No. 282, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced Glass Blower to run a Factory of hollow glassware, Bottles, Ampoules and so on. State experience and salary expected. Apply Box No. 281, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Young Indian as Chief Engineer for a large mechanical Workshop. Must be experienced in the use of automatic lathes, presses, and designing of dies, jigs & fixtures. Also must have held a responsible position in a mechanical workshop for atleast five years. A B.Sc. Eng. or B.E. will be given preference. Starting salary upto Rs. 700 plus prevailing Dearness Allowance Apply Box No. 291, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted fresh M.Sc. with Chemistry for permanent post at salary Rs. 70 start, plus Dearness Allowance. Also wanted Accounts Clerks on reasonable salary. Apply with full details or see personally: The Indian Hume Pipe Co., Ltd., Construction House, Ballard Estate, Bombay. 260

Wanted a qualified Dental Surgeon, possessing a Diploma or an equivalent qualification. Apply before 30th September stating qualifications, experience and terms to Trustees. Shevashram, Broach. 264

MEDICAL ADLETS

At any stage Radical Treatment for Diabetes in 30 days. Doctor: Indo-Trading Co. Tiruvarur. 5978A

Eczema—a New Remedy has been discovered for Eczema, "Patent Number 1955". Try a course today and rid yourself of that nasty complaint. Sole Distributor: Rising-Sun Printing Press, Dadar Road, Dadar. Phone 60743. Full Course Rs. 5. Trial Rs. 2-8. Guarantee Cure or Money Refunded. 6056

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans can arrange up to one Lakh on Property, running business, etc. at reasonable interest. Apply Box No. 6069. "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Earn 100 monthly. Wanted house to house canvassers for country butter, fruits, vegetables. Terms from, Ramji c/o Postmaster, Dehu. 6031

BUSINESS FOR SALE

For Sale a complete Brush Factory with Drilling Machines, Band Saw, Circular Saws, Materials for manufacturing brushes, etc. etc. Good opportunity for investors. Registered Government Contractors. Goodwill can also be sold. Apply Box No. 6445, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Leading industrial concern prepared to consider applications with a view to engagement for training for positions of ultimate responsibility. Previous business experience preferred but not essential. Apply Box No. 6041, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale English Tracing Paper Rolls. Apply Famous Cine Litho Works, 40B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. 6064

PUBLIC NOTICES

PENICILLIN

WE BEG TO INFORM Military and Civil Hospitals and Medical Practitioners that BELL'S SOLU PENICILLIUM for Injectional and Oral administration is now available. Sample and literature on request. Sole Distributors:—DEODHAR BROS. National Insurance Building 204, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY 1. 29

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF invites tenders for Reconditioning of scrap lead battery with dust. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy not refundable. Money Order or cash only. Closing date 6-10-1944 at 3 P.M. (N.S.T.) (267)

THE INDIA UNITED MILLS, LTD.

TEMPORARY TRANSFER RECEIPTS Nos. 11|1163, 11|1164 and 11|11208 of the abovementioned Company for 90 deferred Shares Nos. 4479339|4479388, 2176222|2176246, 3864903|3864917 standing in the name of Mr. Devidas Vallabhdas have been lost and the undersigned has applied to the Company for the issue of duplicates of the said temporary transfer receipts.

Any person having any objection to The India United Mills Ltd., issuing duplicates of the said temporary transfer receipts should lodge such objection with the Company at its registered Office at E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, within one month from this date; otherwise the Company will proceed to issue the duplicate temporary transfer receipts. (303)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

I HAVE SOLD OUT my Office situated at Mangaldas Building No. 7 and my Factory, situated at No. 78A: Abdulrehman Street, to M|s. NOVELTY TRADING CO., who have continued the business at the same premises.

I have discharged Mr. SAMALDAS HARGOVINDDAS from my service as from 5-9-44.

MATHURADAS JIVRAJ
Sole Prop. Novelty Traders.
6063

DELHI MUNICIPALITY
Health Department

QUOTATIONS are invited for supply of one Diplory Double Trolley for broad gauge.
For further particulars, write to
P. L. NIRULA
Medical Officer of Health.
S. A 12-9-44
899

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, FRAMROZE HORMUSJI DAMANIA and MERWANJI HORMUSJI DAMANIA of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. ALL PERSONS having any claim against or to the said property by sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Alli Chambers, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN DAYS from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

All that piece of Foras freehold land, admeasuring Three Hundred and Eighty-two and half square yards, situate at Khetwadi 10th Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay and bounded, on or towards the North by the property of Memon Habib Haji Karim known as "Habib House", on or towards the South by the vacant land until recently belonging to Shaik Abdulla bin Baboo and now belonging to Satyabhamabai, widow of Govind Laxman Gokhale, on or towards the East by the said Khetwadi 10th Lane and on or towards the West by the property formerly of Harichand Mancharam Tijoriwalla and now of Satyabhamabai, widow of Govind Laxman Gokhale and which said premises are assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No. 2037 (2), Street No. 62A-6-8, Khetwadi 10th Cross Lane and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue at Bombay under Collector's Old Nos. 158-412, New Nos. 1|13662 and 13911, Old Survey No. 1|27-28, New Survey No. 1A|7377 and Cadastral Survey No. 1019 of Girgaum Division.

Dated this 13th day of September, 1944.
CHANDRASEN & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
280

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that PHIROZE FRAMROZE TARAPOREVALA, DINA PHIROZE TARAPOREVALA and NERGISH FRAMROZE TARAPOREVALA, the present Trustees of the Will of the deceased Framroze Dinshaw Taraporevala, dated the 13th day of May, 1932, all of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermenticned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land together with the messuages tenements and buildings standing thereon, situate at Queen's Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and in the Island of Bombay; containing by admeasurement 665 Square Yards or thereabouts of the Pension and Tax Tenure the cess having been redeemed (23 square yards having been formerly of leasehold tenure and since then converted by Government into Pension and Tax Tenure) and bearing Old No. 75, New Nos. 681 and A|15943, New Survey Nos. 1A|8422 and 2A|8422 and Cadastral Survey No. 316 of Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under "C" Ward No. 2278 and Street No. I and now Street Nos. 77-79 and bounded, on the East by the property of Nowroji Behramji Suntoke, on the South by the property of Meherbai Ardeshir Oomrigar, on the North by the property of Jivanji Eduljl Bhomisa and on the West by Queen's Road.

Dated this 15th day of September, 1944.
MANILAL KHER AMBALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(295)

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION BOMBAY-SIND

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED by 15-11-44 for the post of MECHANICAL ENGINEER IN SIND. Government servants are eligible. PAY Rs. 625 to 1,375. Higher starting pay may be given to a suitable candidate. AGE.—Not less than 35 and not more than 45 years on 15-11-44. QUALIFICATIONS.—(i) A University degree in Mechanical Engineering or its equivalent which is accepted by the Institution of Mechanical Engineers for exemption from the Associate Membership Examination (parts A to B) or A.M.I.M.E. or First Class B. O. T. certificate with Diesel and Electric endorsements, (ii) not less than five years' practical training in a large workshop, (iii) practical experience since training and (iv) smartness, good physique and ability to control labour with tact and to take full executive and administrative charge of a workshop. Service as an Engineer on an ocean-going steamer will be considered as a very useful qualification. Preference will be given to those who have experience of maintenance and working of mechanical excavating equipment (draglines, tractors and scrapers). Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and on payment of rupee one (either in cash in the office of the Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission or by an UNCROSSED Indian Postal Order in favour of the Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission who will supply details on request. 300

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. NOWROJ BAPUJI TACHAKRA, of Bombay Parsi inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from all claims and encumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease lien, charge, trust, maintenance or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 41 Hamam Street, within the Fort of Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground with all buildings and structures (including motor sheds) standing thereon situate on and being Plot No. 22 of Agreepada Estate (now known as Agreepada West Estate) of the Board in the City and Island and Sub Registration District of Bombay, containing an area of 978 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts and bounded, on the East by Plot No. 21 of the said estate and leased to Rahimbai, widow of Adbul Razak Haji Abdul Karim South by land of the Board laid out as a service passage on the West by Road No. 11 now known as Club Cross Street and on the North by Road No. 9 now known as Club Back Road which said premises form portion of land bearing New Survey No. 3527 and Cadastral Survey No. 1|1628 (Byculla Division) and are assessed by the Municipality under E Ward No. 4106(1) Street No. 22

Dated this 15th day of September, 1944.
R. E. PAPA & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
301

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT TEMKER ST., NEAR TWO TANKS, BOMBAY.

Under instructions from the owner of the property Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctineers, will sell by Public Auction on Monday, 25th September 1944, at 4-30 P.M (N.S.T.) on site, all that piece of land at Temker St., Bombay, admeasuring about 76 square yards with the building standing thereon, E Ward No. 107, Street No. 63-65.

For further particulars apply to:
CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.
122, Apollo St., Fort, Bombay.

TO INVESTORS IN PROPERTY YIELDING A HIGH RENT.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT THE ENTRANCE OF ARTHUR ROAD FROM TARDEO.

Messrs SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., under instructions from Messrs. Mansen Pushpasen Goragandhy, and others will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY the 29th September, 1944, at 4-30 P.M. (N.S.T.) on the premises the following immovable property.

ALL that piece of land of Foras Tenure formerly consisting of two pieces but now formed into one, situate at on the East side of Arthur Road from Tardeo in Bombay, together with the tenements, chawls, stables and other building standing thereon containing by admeasurement (10,469 3/9th) square yards or thereabouts (10,584 sq. yds. according to Collector's Records), New Survey Nos. 1/3404 and 1/3403 and Cadastral Survey Nos. 337 and 1-367 of Tardeo Division.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Merwanjee Kolah & Co., Solicitors, Hamam Street, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF A BIG LOT OF CIGARS AND CLOTHES

M/s GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from the Administrator General of Bombay and the Administrator of the estates and effects of Mr. E. I. Kiewe and Mr. P. K. Nair, deceased, sell by Public Auction on Thursday 21-9-44 at 2 P.M. (S.T.) at their rooms at 72 Medows Street, Bombay:

Effects of Mr. E. I. KIEWE:—A big lot of Corona cigars, including Brazil Corona, La Corona, E. L. K. Brand, Ramona Typewriter, Elec. Stove-Warmer, Rolling Machine, Chairs, Stationery, Crockery, Clothes, etc.

Effects of Mr. P. K. Nair including Cotton and Woollen Clothes, Photo Frames, Elec. Iron, Leather bags, Thermos Flask, etc.

Terms: Cash against Delivery.

AUCTION SALE OF ALL STOCK-IN-TRADE OF A CLOTH-SHOP CARRYING ON BUSINESS UNDER THE NAME & STYLE OF M/S D. D. THAKKAR & CO. MUNDRAWALA.

M/s GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from the Court Receiver, as the Receiver appointed in the High Court Suit No. 799 of 1944 (Damji Devchand V/s Vassanji Khimji) sell by Public Auction on Saturday 23-9-44 at 3 P. M. (S.T.) at 3rd Bholwada Lane, Bhuleshwar:—All stock-in-trade including printed voiles of various sizes, Mull, Mercerized Cotton Sarees, Handloom Sarees, Madura Sarees, White & Coloured Mill Sarees, Poplin, Long Cloth, Coating, Takkiyas, Carpets, Showcase, wooden stand, picture frames, etc, etc.

Terms: 25 Per Cent Deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF MISCELLANEOUS STORES AT MANMAD

By order of the Controller of Supplies, Disposals Branch, Bombay, Messrs. GANDHI & CO., will offer for sale by Public Auction on Monday 25-9-44 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at No. 24 Salvage Transit Depot, Manmad:—Terneplate scrap, Cordage, Gunny old, Bottles glass, etc.

Terms:—20 per cent Deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF ACCESSORIES AND SPARE PARTS OF MOTOR TRANSPORT.

By order of the Controller of Supplies, Disposals Branch, Bombay, Messrs. GANDHI & CO will offer for sale by Public Auction on Thursday 28-9-44 at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at Port Salvage Depot, Haji Bunder, G. I. P. Ry. Bombay:—Assorted gears, Crown wheels, Pinnions, Gear Boxes, Ball Bearings, Flywheels, Crank and Cam Shafts, Broken Spring Leaves, Electric Horns, Ignition Coils, Dynamo Casings, Wiring Sets, Wheel locking rings, Spring Bracket, Spring Shackles, Steering Arms-Tie Rods-Connecting Rods-Wheels Oil and Water pumps-Pulleys, Fan Blades, Brake Plates, Shoes, Clutch and Brake Pedals, Master and Wheel Cylinders, Brake Drums, Front and Rear Axles, M. T. Parts, Dynamo-Starters, Assorted Wire Rope Slings, Universal Bails, etc., etc.

Terms 20 per cent Deposit.

GANDHI & CO.,

If due to War conditions your regular dealer is temporarily out of Sloan's Liniment, try again.

Sudden CHILLS Endanger Your LUNGS

DO you easily catch a chill? Do you suffer from throat trouble, bad coughs or colds? If you do, be sure to take Peps. These famous antiseptic, breatheable tablets will soon overcome the worst chill and prevent influenza, bronchitis, pneumonia, etc.

Dissolved in your mouth, a Peps releases rich, medicinal essences, which mix with your breath and are carried deep into your lungs. Peps thus overcome harmful germs lodged in the larynx, soothe inflamed air tubes and provide valuable protection against any chill dangers.

To preserve the concentrated essences which Peps contain, every tablet is wrapped in silver paper. They are packed in sealed glass bottles, along with full directions printed in leading languages, at any medicine dealer.

Take PEPS Breatheable Tablets

REWARD Rs. 500

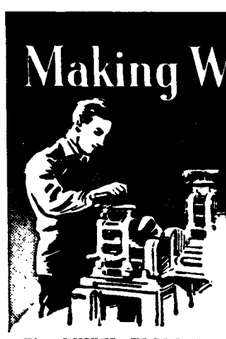
World's Greatest Herbal Invention of the 20th Century Hair-Kill Lotion
A wonder of the wonders, A boon for ladies and gents
Daily Shave, no longer a necessity. Throw away your razors.

The lotion is absolutely harmless and without any after effects. It has the rare property of removing the hair from the roots leaving the skin soft, smooth and velvety. People of both sexes use HAIR-KILL LOTION throughout India and Ceylon and highly speak of its miraculous results. To make it popular it is priced at Rs. 3 packing and postage extra. A cash reward of Rs. 500 would be offered to any public man who proves the ingenuineness of the testimonials. Order now lest you be disappointed.

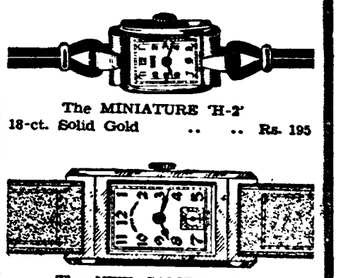
IMPERIAL CHAMBER OF SCIENCE, P.B. 61, (B.C.B.) LAHORE.

For daily Shave
6 O'CLOCK
RUBBERSET & STERILIZED
Manufacturers:—JOE KALYAN & CO.
Distributors for Bombay:—Messrs. EASTERN GENERAL DISTRIBUTING CORPORATION.
157/61 Princess Street

Making West End Watches for you...



The WHEEL TRAIN AND ESCAPEMENT:- The wheel train is a system of gearing whereby the mainspring's energy is transferred to the escapement, which converts the energy into elements of time through the medium of the balance wheel. Correct time-keeping depends upon the perfection of this intricate and delicate mechanism, and when you buy a "West End" Watch you can be sure of such perfection not only in wheel train and escapement but in all the many components of movements and cases.



The MINIATURE 'H-2'
18-ct. Solid Gold .. .. Rs. 195

The NEW CALIBRE 'G'
Rolled Gold, 10 Years Quality Rs. 84

Due to irregular arrivals, it may not be possible to supply all the patterns advertised, but every effort will be made to execute orders as far as our stocks permit us to do so.

WEST END WATCH CO.
BOMBAY CALCUTTA

DUNLOP AT WAR

Jeepable!

The word 'jeepable' is rapidly finding a permanent place in the military dictionary — it is used to describe going that is impassable to all wheeled transport except the Jeep.

Dunlop are proud to add their voice to the paean of praise sung in honour of this great-hearted little vehicle and at the same time gratefully acknowledge their debt of gratitude. Thousands of Jeeps all over the world, in hot sun and black frost, over razor sharp rocks and through axle deep mud are proving more in one day as to the behaviour of pneumatic tyres in difficult conditions than could be learnt in one year of peace. This knowledge will go to make Dunlop tyres of the postwar years better, safer, and even more economical than ever before.

Dunlop

ALWAYS AT THE FRONT IN WAR AND PEACE

DK 255

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd. by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.